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英语

导学好卷
(拓展模块)

周测+月考+综合测评

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职教高考文化基础课配套学习用书

英语导学好卷 (拓展模块)

主编 张少飞 范丽娜



西南财经大学出版社
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前 言

中等职业教育是我国现代教育的重要组成部分,其发展要求中等职业学校必须与时俱进,不断进行改革。本书着重培养学生的核心素养,以深化学校教学改革、提升课堂教学实效性为目标,以细化解读有关课程标准要求为基础,充分发挥学生的主体作用,进而增强学生的自信,挖掘学生的英语学习潜力。

本书严格按照教育部最新颁布的《中等职业学校英语课程标准》和《“十四五”职业教育规划教材建设实施方案》的内容,根据中等职业教育对英语学科的基本要求编写而成,不仅能够科学检测学生对知识点的掌握程度,而且可以培养学生的解题能力。

本书含有 20 套试卷,每套试卷设计了一些样式新颖的题目,以拓宽学生的视野,进一步提升学生的学习效果。在内容的选择上,本书注重知识的系统性、完整性;在内容的编排上,本书既注重科学性,又遵循循序渐进原则。学生可以利用本书体验考试情境,提升答题速度,巩固所学知识,掌握必备的应试技巧,切实提高应试能力。

本书既可以作为学生学习的参考资料,也可以作为教师教学的辅助资料。学生可以利用它构建完整的知识与能力体系,显著提高学习效率;教师可以利用它发现教学中的问题,及时调整下一步的教学计划,帮助学生查漏补缺、强化重点,使教学质量更上一层楼。

如果本书存在不当之处,恳请广大师生在使用后提出宝贵的意见和建议,以便我们及时进行修订。

编 者
2025 年 7 月

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三、补全对话(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

A: What do you think is the most useful invention?
B: 21
A: Why do you think so?
B: Because it allows people to talk to friends and share photos, ideas and feelings freely. 22
A: Haha... I also think it is a great invention. 23
B: Yes, I do. If I don't pass my math exam, I will write "I feel sad today. I didn't pass my math exam." 24 What about you? What do you like doing on WeChat?
A: I like sharing my birthday party photos, pictures of my new clothes and so on. It is fun.
B: But sometimes criminals use WeChat. They try to cheat people out of money.
A: That's true, so I think we should use it properly.
B: 25

- A. Do you often write anything on WeChat?
B. Then many friends will comfort me.
C. I think WeChat is the most useful invention.
D. I think so.
E. It is fast, convenient and fashionable.
F. I don't like talking on WeChat.
G. There are many inventions in the world.

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

四、完形填空(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

Tim and Alan worked together for their school's science club. They wanted to do something to help 26 people. They were inspired (启发) to make the backpack after 27 uncle died on the street. Because of mental illness, Tim's uncle 28 homeless and started living on the street. He missed his uncle and wanted to create a 29 place for homeless people.

So they got the idea of building a home 30 the homeless. Their amazing work is a big backpack. It weighs two 31 . When it is folded (折叠), it can be carried on the shoulder as a backpack. When it spreads 32 , the backpack will become a "house". The solace blanket (耐磨毯) in it keeps people 33 during the cold winters. It's 6°C to 7°C warmer inside than outside. During the hot summer months, the backpack can be turned over 34 the solace blanket is on its top. It will be 35 cooler inside. The boys hope that one day they will see homeless people using their invention on the street. What a wonderful thing the boys have done!

26. A. young B. old C. homeless D. serious

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 27. A. Tim's | B. Alan's | C. Tim and Alan's | D. my |
| 28. A. become | B. became | C. becoming | D. to become |
| 29. A. safe | B. dangerous | C. funny | D. new |
| 30. A. of | B. at | C. for | D. from |
| 31. A. meters | B. kilos | C. kilometers | D. blocks |
| 32. A. out | B. in | C. back | D. forwards |
| 33. A. cold | B. warm | C. cool | D. sad |
| 34. A. or | B. but | C. so that | D. and |
| 35. A. much | B. many | C. more | D. less |

五、阅读理解(共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

A

"Life is speeding up. Everyone is becoming unwell." It may sound like something someone would say today. But in fact, an unwell person who lived in ancient Rome wrote it.

We all love new inventions. They are exciting, amazing and can even change our lives. But is it true that having all these developments really improves the quality of our lives?

Picture One: You're rushing to finish your homework on the computer. Your mobile phone rings. A message from your friend appears on the screen. The noise from the telephone is getting louder and louder. Suddenly the computer goes blank and you lose all your work. Now you have to stay up all night to get it done.

Inventions have sped up our lives so much that they often leave us feeling stressed and tired. Why do you think people who live far away from noisy cities, who have no telephones, no cars, or even no electricity often seem to be happier? Perhaps that is because they live simpler lives.

One family in the U. K. went "back in time" to see what life was like without all the inventions we have today. The grandparents, with their daughter, and grandsons, Benjamin, 10, and Thomas, 7, spent nine weeks in a 1940s house. They had no washing machines, microwaves, computers or mobile phones.

The grandmother, Lyn, said, "The more things you have, the more difficult life becomes." The boys said they fought less. Probably, they said, because there was less to fight over, such as their computer. Benjamin also noticed that his grandmother had changed from being a fashionable granny to one who cooked things.

36. The quote (引语) in Paragraph 1 was written by _____.
- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| A. the old granny | B. the unwell writer |
| C. an ancient Roman | D. a creative inventor |

37. What does the writer want to tell us in Paragraph 3?
- A. New inventions can bring us some trouble.
- B. New inventions can help us work more efficiently.
- C. New inventions can improve the quality of our lives.
- D. New inventions can make people feel relaxed while working.
38. Why did the family choose to spend some time in a 1940s house?
- A. Because they loved to live simple lives.
- B. Because they were troubled by modern inventions.
- C. Because they all enjoyed modern inventions.
- D. Because they wanted to experience life without modern inventions.
39. What can we infer from the last paragraph?
- A. Their life became simpler.
- B. The family enjoyed living together.
- C. They fell in love with the old house.
- D. They felt their life was full of excitement.
40. What is the passage mainly about?
- A. The history of technology.
- B. Problems caused by technology.
- C. The development of technology.
- D. How technology improves our life.

B

TEENS

Small bugs have big power.

The next time you feel a bug crawl (爬行) across your skin, don't be frightened. It might just be a tiny robot crab (螃蟹)! Engineers from Northwestern University in Illinois, US, have developed the smallest ever remote-controlled walking robot, and it comes in the shape of a tiny and lovely crab.

Just half a millimeter wide, the crab can bend, crawl, walk, turn and even jump, reported by *Science Daily*. The team of Northwestern University believes that their technology is a big step closer to bringing about robots that can do remote-controlled work in tiny spaces. For example, the tiny robots can help clear people's clogged arteries (堵塞的动脉) in surgeries (手术), said John A. Rogers, who led the team.

Who's riding these camels?

Little robots! They are having a race in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates (阿拉伯联合酋长国). Camel racing is popular in the country. But for human riders, it can be dangerous. Robots

are here to help. The robots are small and light. They won't affect the camels' speed during the race. The robots use whips to make the camels run faster. People control the robots by using speakers (扬声器) placed on the robots.

Newspaper hires a "robot writer".

What would you think if this story was written by a robot? Of course, this one was not, but a recent story in *Los Angeles Times* was. It's a newspaper in the US. The story is about an earthquake in the US on March 17th. The newspaper was using a system that could automatically (自动地) "write" a short story when an earthquake hit. It took about three minutes for the 102-word story to appear online.

41. All the news above has something to do with _____.
A. animals
B. robots
C. disasters
D. disease
42. The team of Northwestern University has developed the robots to _____.
A. help people in the factories
B. work for the government
C. do remote-controlled work in tiny spaces
D. work in space
43. What would be the best heading for the second piece of news?
A. Robots Become Smart Camel Racers
B. Robots Can Ride Camels
C. Robots Are Very Helpful
D. People Control the Robots
44. From the news above, we know that _____.
A. it is dangerous for people to ride camels
B. the tiny robots developed by John A. Rogers have been widely used
C. *Los Angeles Times* hired a writer to write a short story about an earthquake
D. people control the robot riders to make the camels run faster
45. The news from *TEENS* probably wants the readers to _____.
A. open up their eyes
B. know about different countries
C. learn more languages
D. learn to make robots

C

Nowadays, life changes so quickly. Have you imagined the life in 2050? The year of 2050 seems far, but we can still imagine the future. What will life be like in the future? Let's start our

imagination about it.

The free Internet

The Internet is really important for people now, though it isn't free. An article in *The Economic Times* says that more than half of the people around the world are using the Internet now. The Internet has covered most areas of the world. As a result, it is possible that the Internet will be free in the future. Besides, the Internet will cover every corner of the world and it will be faster.

Self-driving cars

Many engineers are working on self-driving cars now. It is easy to predict that they will be everywhere in 2050. Driving will be simple. And the driver only needs to tell the car where he wants to go. He doesn't need to worry if he knows the way. In addition to cars, self-driving technology is likely to be used in other forms of transportation such as planes and ships.

Living on Mars

There are some signs showing that Mars might be the most possible planet to live on. Nowadays, the Earth is polluted badly, which means people's living space has been influenced. Humans are always trying to study whether people can live on Mars. By the year 2050, we may realize our dream—move to Mars and live there.

46. The Internet is used by _____ now.
A. all people around the world
B. a few people in the world
C. more than half of the people in the world
D. most people in the world
47. The driver needs to _____ when driving self-driving cars.
A. drive cars carefully B. know the right way
C. pay attention to the traffic lights D. tell the car where he wants to go
48. The self-driving technology may be used in _____.
A. bicycles and planes B. planes and ships
C. ships and buses D. subways and bicycles
49. Why do people try to move to Mars?
A. The earth is polluted badly.
B. People want to have a new environment.
C. People are tired of the Earth.
D. The Mars is the most suitable planet to live on.
50. We can probably see the passage in _____.
A. a guide book B. a novel
C. a letter D. a science magazine

六、翻译(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

Part A 请将下面的英语句子翻译成汉语,并将答案写在相应的横线上。

51. Humans are by nature curious and always seeking knowledge.

52. The smartphone was invented to make communication more convenient and accessible.

53. The manager informed us that the completed application form should be submitted by the end of the week.

Part B 请根据中文提示,将下列译成英语的句子补充完整,并将答案写在相应的横线上。

54. 信不信由你,这么小的种子最终能长成一棵参天大树。
_____, the tiny little seed can eventually grow into a towering tree.
55. 昨晚我们举办了一个超级英雄主题派对。
We had a superhero _____ last night.

七、书面表达(共 15 分)

你所在的国际学校将举办“中国绘画周”活动。请你写一则英文宣传海报,内容包括:

- (1) 活动时间、地点和内容;
- (2) 鼓励学生参加。

注意:

- (1) 写作词数 80 左右;
- (2) 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Chinese Painting Week Is Coming

英语导学好卷
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参考答案及解析

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第1周 Unit 1 A Small Change Can Solve the Problems of Many

一、单词拼写

1. opinions 2. curious 3. broaden 4. institute
5. moreover

二、单项选择

6. C 考查形容词辨析。creative 意为“创造(性)的;有创造力的”;brilliant 意为“聪明的”;unlikely 意为“不大可能的”;inventive 意为“有创造力的”。句意:他的航班延误三个小时,所以他不大可能在七点前到达。故选 C。
7. B 考查交际用语。句意:——你五一假期有什么计划吗?——说不好。有什么好主意吗? Of course 意为“当然”,表同意;Not really 意为“说不好”,指不确定;It's cool 意为“真酷”,表赞赏;Not exactly 意为“不完全是”。根据下文可知还没有想好。故选 B。
8. D 考查宾语从句的引导词。句意:“按要求做,别和我争。”妈妈生气地说。分析句子可知, you are told 是宾语从句,从句缺少 told 的宾语,应用 what 引导。故选 D。
9. C 考查宾语从句时态。句意:我妈妈告诉我妹妹月亮围着太阳转。分析句子结构可知, My mother told my younger sister 是主句, that 后的句子是从句;主句中的 told 是过去时态,表示妈妈告诉妹妹的动作发生在过去,但“月球围着太阳转”这件事是客观事实,不受主句时态影响,所以用一般现在时。故选 C。
10. B 考查名词辨析。profession 意为“行业;职业”;permission 意为“允许;许可”;creativity 意为“创造力;创造性”;curiosity 意为“好奇心”。句意:请在拍照前征得活动组织者的许可。故选 B。
11. C 考查介词短语。by hand 意为“用手工”;by mistake 意为“错误地”;by accident 意为“偶然地”;by nature 意为“天生地”。句意:我在整理房间时偶然发现了这张我们的老照片。故选 C。
12. D 考查动词短语。pick up 意为“捡起;接送”;bring up 意为“抚养;提出”;take up 意为“开始从事;占据”;make up 意为“编造;组成”。句意:这她喜欢编造关于自己冒险经历的故事来娱乐她的朋友们。故选 D。
13. D 考查宾语从句引导词。句意:——你能帮我个忙吗?——对不起,我被这件事缠住了。请问比我更了解的人。whom 谁(宾格);whomever 无论谁(宾格);who 谁(主格);whoever 无论谁(主格)。根据句意可知, ask 后是宾语从句,缺少的是主语,表示“任何人”。故选 D。
14. B 考查一般过去时和宾语从句。分析句子并结合选项可知,空处为宾语从句,宾语从句要用陈述语序,即“引导词+主语+谓语+其他”的结构;根据“Your new cap

looks so beautiful.”可知,帽子已经买了,是过去发生的动作,所以从句的时态应该用一般过去时,用 bought。句意:你的新帽子看起来真漂亮。你能告诉我你在哪里买的吗?。故选 B。

15. D 考查名词辨析。message 意为“信息”;decision 意为“决定”;lesson 意为“课程;教训”;opinion 意为“意见;看法”。句意:不同的人对这部电影有不同的看法。你可以和别人分享你的感受。故选 D。
16. B 考查动词短语。put up with 意为“忍受”;come up with 意为“提出”;team up with 意为“与……合作”;keep up with 意为“跟上”。句意:经过数小时的头脑风暴,她终于为新的营销活动想出了一个绝妙的主意。故选 B。
17. B 考查动词辨析。support 意为“支持”;influence 意为“影响”;improve 意为“改善”;suggest 意为“建议”。句意:这部小说受到了欧洲经典文学的影响,同时融入了现代主题。故选 B。
18. A 考查名词辨析。value 意为“价值”;praise 意为“赞扬”;habit 意为“习惯”;cost 意为“成本”。句意:这些历史文献对研究这一时期的研究者来说具有巨大的价值。故选 A。
19. D 考查宾语从句。分析句子结构可知,空处为宾语从句。宾语从句中,主句 He asked 是一般过去时,因此从句也应相应的使用过去某种时态;且宾语从句中连接词后应使用陈述语序,即“连接词+主语+谓语+其他”。句意:——约翰,刚刚汤姆跟你说了什么?——他问我今晚我能不能和他一起去看电影。故选 D。
20. A 考查宾语从句。分析句子可知, wonder 后面接从句来表达疑问状态,常用 whether 或 if 引导,由于结尾的 or not,所以应使用 whether,且宾语从句应是陈述语序。句意:我打算这个星期六为我奶奶的生日举办一个派对。我想知道你是否能来。故选 A。

三、补全对话

21—25 C E A B D

四、完形填空

26. C 考查形容词。young 意为“年轻的;年幼的”;old 意为“年老的”;homeless 意为“无家可归的”;serious 意为“严肃的;严重的”。下文多次提到 homeless,因此此处表示“他们想做些什么来帮助无家可归的人”。故选 C。
27. A 考查语境理解。根据下文 Tim's uncle 可知,此处表示“蒂姆的叔叔死在了大街上”。故选 A。
28. B 考查时态。根据空格后的 and started 可知,空格处也要用一般过去时。故选 B。
29. A 考查形容词。safe 意为“安全的”;dangerous 意为“危险的”;funny 意为“有趣的”;new 意为“新的”。上文提到,想帮助无家可归的人,因此此处表示“给他们提供一个安全的地方”。故选 A。
30. C 考查介词。of 意为“……的”;at 意为“在”;for 意为

“为了”;from意为“来自”。根据语境可知,应是为无家可归者建造家园,for符合题意。故选C。

31. B 考查名词及语境理解。meter意为“米”;kilo意为“千克;公斤”;kilometer意为“千米”;block意为“街区”。根据空格前的weighs可知,该句表示“它重两千克”。故选B。

32. A 考查固定短语。spread out意为“展开”。句意:当它展开时,背包将变成一座“房子”。故选A。

33. B 考查形容词。cold意为“寒冷的”;warm意为“温暖的”;cool意为“凉爽的”;sad意为“悲伤的”。根据语境可知,耐磨毯可以在寒冷的冬天给人们保暖。故选B。

34. C 考查状语从句。or意为“或者”;but意为“但是”,连接表示转折的分句;so that意为“以便”,引导目的状语从句;and意为“并且”,连接并列分句。根据语境可知,“背包翻转”的目的是“让耐磨毯在上面”,用so that引导。句意:在炎热的夏季,背包可以翻转,这样耐磨毯就在上面了。故选C。

35. A 考查比较级修饰词。空格后的cooler是比较级形式,因此空格处需填副词,修饰比较级。四个选项中,只有much可以修饰比较级,much cooler表示“凉爽得多”。故选A。

五、阅读理解

36. C 细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句“But in fact, an unwell person who lived in ancient Rome wrote it.”可知,这句话是一个古罗马人写的。故选C。

37. A 推理判断题。根据文章第三段描述的画面“你正忙着在电脑上完成作业,手机响了……电话声音越来越大。突然电脑一片空白,你失去了在电脑上写的所有作业……”可推断作者想告诉我们新发明给我们带来了麻烦,这里电脑、手机都是新发明。故选A。

38. D 细节理解题。根据第五段第一句“One family in the U.K. went ‘back in time’ to see what life was like without all the inventions we have today.”可知,他们一家人去20世纪40年代的房屋中生活是为了体验没有现代发明的生活。故选D。

39. A 推理判断题。根据最后一段可知,男孩们说他们打架少了,可能是因为没有可争的,比如他们没有电脑要争。他们的祖母已经从一个时髦的奶奶变成了一个做饭的奶奶。由此可推知,回到没有现代发明的日子后,他们的生活变得简单了。故选A。

40. B 主旨大意题。文章开篇提到“发明加快了我们的生活节奏,以至于我们经常感到疲惫”;第二至四段指出现代发明给我们带来的麻烦;最后两段列举出一家人回到过去生活的例子,说明没有现代发明,人们的日子会很简单。由此可知文章主要讲述了“科技带来的问题”。故选B。

41. B 细节理解题。根据第一段第三句中的the smallest ever remote-controlled walking robot可知,“Small bugs have

big power.”部分讲述的是一种机器人;根据第三段中的“Little robots!”可知第二则新闻介绍的也是机器人;根据第四段第一句“What would you think if this story was written by a robot?”可知,第三则新闻也与机器人有关。故选B。

42. C 细节理解题。根据第二段第二句“... robots that can do remote-controlled work in tiny spaces.”可知,西北大学的研究团队设计的机器人可以在微小的空间进行远程控制工作。故选C。

43. A 段落大意题。根据第三段第四至第八句“But for human riders, it can be dangerous. Robots are here to help. The robots are small and light. They won't affect the camels' speed during the race. The robots use whips to make the camels run faster.”可知,机器人不仅能够代替人类骑行,而且还能让骆驼跑得更快。即机器人成为了更聪明的骆驼骑行者。故选A。

44. D 细节理解题。根据第三段最后两句“The robots use whips to make the camels run faster. People control the robots by using speakers placed on the robots.”可知,人们通过控制机器人来使骆驼跑得更快。故选D。

45. A 推理判断题。本文三则新闻均与机器人有关,分别介绍了能在微小空间工作的机器人、骆驼骑行机器人以及能写新闻报道的机器人。由此可知,这三则新闻的目的是让读者开眼界,增长见识。故选A。

46. C 细节理解题。根据第二段第二句“An article in *The Economic Times* says that more than half of the people around the world are using the Internet now.”可知,世界上超过一半的人现在都在使用因特网。故选C。

47. D 细节理解题。根据第三段第四句“And the driver only needs to tell the car where he wants to go.”可知,使用无人驾驶汽车时,司机只需要告诉汽车他想去哪里。故选D。

48. B 细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句“... self-driving technology is likely to be used in other forms of transportation such as planes and ships.”可知,无人驾驶技术还可能应用于飞机和轮船。故选B。

49. A 细节理解题。根据第四段第二句“Nowadays, the Earth is polluted badly, which means people's living space has been influenced.”可知,由于地球被污染,人们考虑移民火星。故选A。

50. D 文章出处题。通读全文可知,文章从因特网、无人驾驶汽车和移民火星等三个方面预测了2050年的生活。这三个方面都与科技相关,由此可知,文章很可能出现在一本科学杂志上。故选D。

六、翻译

51. 人类天生好奇,总是寻求知识。

52. 智能手机是为了使通信更加便捷和易于使用而发明的。

53. 经理告诉我们,填好的申请表应该在本周末之前提交。

54. Believe it or not

55. theme party

七、书面表达

Chinese Painting Week Is Coming

Chinese Painting Week is coming. This exciting event will be held in our school art hall from next Monday to Friday.

During this week, there will be a series of activities, including lectures on Chinese painting history, live demonstrations by renowned artists, and an exhibition of traditional Chinese paintings, it is a great opportunity for us to learn about the beauty of traditional Chinese art and appreciate the skills of Chinese painters. All students are warmly welcomed to come and join in this exciting event, where you can not only enjoy the wonderful paintings but also communicate with the artists.

Don't miss this chance to immerse yourself in the world of Chinese art!

第2周 Unit 2 It's Always Nice to Be Polite

一、单词拼写

1. behaviour 2. employees 3. Anyhow 4. false
5. master

二、单项选择

6. C 考查形容词辨析。responsible 意为“有责任心的”；possible 意为“可能的”；punctual 意为“准时的”；regular 意为“有规律的”。句意：我们的老师坚持要求我们每节课都要准时。故选 C。
7. B 考查名词辨析。change 意为“改变”；impression 意为“印象”；decision 意为“决定”；result 意为“结果”。句意：第一印象往往难以改变，所以在第一次与人见面时留下好印象很重要。故选 B。
8. B 考查副词辨析。quickly 意为“快速地”；properly 意为“正确地”；seriously 意为“严肃地”；carelessly 意为“粗心地”。句意：一定要正确书写信上的地址。故选 B。
9. B 考查动词辨析。understand 意为“理解”；recognise 意为“认出”；remember 意为“记得”；know 意为“知道”。句意：这家公司的标志非常独特，人们可以很容易地认出它。故选 B。
10. D 考查形容词辨析。nervous 意为“紧张的”；excited 意为“兴奋的”；lonely 意为“孤独的”；absent 意为“缺席的”。句意：昨天汤姆因病缺席了会议。故选 D。
11. A 考查交际用语。“Of course.”意为“当然。”“Yes, please.”意为“是的，请。”“What a pity!”意为“真遗憾！”“It is cheap.”意为“它便宜。”。根据“I'm coming.”可知，对方

愿意帮忙。故选 A。

12. C 考查结果状语从句。句意：这是一个如此重的箱子，以至于没人能挪动它。分析句子可知，这是一个包含结果状语从句的主从复合句。本句中应用 such 修饰名词短语“a heavy box”，构成“such...that...”结构。故选 C。
13. B 考查让步状语从句。句意：虽然狗能很好地陪伴老年人，但需要遛狗的这个缺点可能会带来困扰。分析句子结构及前后逻辑关系可知，此句是一个主从复合句，“_____ a dog may be for the elderly”是让步状语从句；此让步状从由感叹句转化而来，其初始句型为“How good a companion a dog may be for the elderly!”或“What a good companion a dog may be for the elderly!”，将 how 或 what 分别替换成 however/no matter how 或 whatever/no matter what 就可得到让步状从，对比四个选项中的结构，B 项符合句型要求。故选 B。
14. D 考查动词辨析。achieve 意为“实现；完成”；discover 意为“发现”；invent 意为“发明”；master 意为“掌握”。句意：他花了数年时间才掌握了这门复杂的语言。故选 D。
15. A 考查名词辨析。attitude 意为“态度”；interest 意为“兴趣”；image 意为“形象”；quality 意为“质量”。句意：你若想通过考试就最好改变你的态度！故选 A。
16. B 考查连词辨析。even though 意为“即使”；as long as 意为“只要”；so that 意为“以便”；no matter what 意为“无论什么”。根据 achieve our dream 和 don't give up hope 可知，前后句是条件关系，应用 as long as 连接。句意：只要我们面对困难不放弃希望，就能实现梦想。故选 B。
17. B 考查连词辨析。so 意为“所以”；unless 意为“除非”；or 意为“否则”；until 意为“直到”。根据句意可知，you work hard 为主句的否定条件，故用 unless 用作连词，意为“除非”。句意：除非你努力工作，否则不要指望你的职业生涯会成功。故选 B。
18. B 考查时间状语从句的连接词。when 意为“当……时”；since 意为“自从”；before 意为“在……以前”；after 意为“在……之后”。根据主句“We have been friends”可知，主句使用了现在完成时态，表示的是朋友关系自从在学校时期就一直存在，故用 ever since 引导时间状语从句，意为“自从……起”。句意：我们从上学开始，就一直是朋友。故选 B。
19. D 考查连词辨析。句意：unless 意为“除非”；until 意为“直到”；although 意为“尽管”；because 意为“因为”。根据句意可知，后句解释了前句的原因，用 because。我经常去山里，因为我热爱大自然——树木，鸟儿和新鲜空气。故选 D。
20. A 考查动词短语。work out 意为“解决(问题)；锻炼(身体)”；make up 意为“创作；编写；化妆”；fit into 意为“符合；适合”；take a call 意为“接电话”。句意：我正在试着解这道数学题。故选 A。

英语导学好卷(拓展模块)(配 WY)答案速查

(若需详细解析,请登录 <http://www.huatengzy.com/>, 搜索本书页面并下载!)

第 1 周 Unit 1 A Small Change Can Solve the Problems of Many

一、单词拼写

1. donate 2. curious 3. broaden 4. institute
5. moreover

二、单项选择

6. C 7. B 8. D 9. C 10. B 11. C 12. D 13. A
14. B 15. D 16. B 17. B 18. A 19. D 20. A

三、补全对话

- 21—25 C E A B D

四、完形填空

26. C 27. A 28. B 29. A 30. C 31. B 32. A 33. B
34. C 35. A

五、阅读理解

36. C 37. A 38. D 39. A 40. B 41. B 42. C 43. A
44. D 45. A 46. C 47. D 48. B 49. A 50. D

六、翻译

51. 人类天生好奇,总是寻求知识。
52. 智能手机的发明是为了使交流更加便捷和容易。
53. 经理告诉我们,填好的申请表应该在本周末之前提交。
54. Believe it or not
55. theme party

七、书面表达

略

第 2 周 Unit 2 It's Always Nice to Be Polite

一、单词拼写

1. behaviour 2. employees 3. Anyhow 4. false 5. master

二、单项选择

6. C 7. B 8. B 9. B 10. D 11. A 12. C 13. B
14. D 15. A 16. B 17. B 18. B 19. D 20. A

三、补全对话

- 21—25 G D B F A

四、完形填空

26. C 27. B 28. B 29. C 30. B 31. B 32. D 33. D
34. B 35. C

五、阅读理解

36. A 37. B 38. D 39. D 40. C 41. D 42. C 43. B
44. A 45. B 46. D 47. C 48. A 49. D 50. C

六、翻译

51. 了解职场礼节对于与同事建立和谐的工作关系至关重要。
52. 她在银行工作。至少我上次见到她时是这样。
53. 就质量而言,这个产品远远优于它的竞争对手。
54. are worthy of
55. keep; in mind

七、书面表达

略

第 3 周 Revision(Unit 1—Unit 2)

一、单词拼写

1. dustbin 2. brilliant 3. profession 4. donate
5. pioneers 6. punctual 7. internship 8. manners
9. gesture 10. recognised

二、单项选择

11. B 12. B 13. C 14. A 15. C 16. D 17. C 18. A
19. A 20. D 21. B 22. C 23. C 24. D 25. A

三、补全对话

- 26—30 D B F E A

四、完形填空

31. C 32. A 33. C 34. B 35. C 36. A 37. D 38. C
39. B 40. B

五、阅读理解

41. A 42. B 43. C 44. D 45. C 46. D 47. A 48. D
49. B 50. B 51. B 52. A 53. B 54. C 55. C

六、翻译

56. 为方便顾客我们备有座位。
57. 新家具与我们客厅的布局不太匹配。
58. 老师鼓励学生在作文中发挥想象力,让他们自由地探索创造性的想法。
59. came up with
60. make a good impression

七、书面表达

略

第 4 周 月考 1

一、单词拼写

1. neat 2. luxury 3. leaked 4. waterproof 5. conflict
6. Congratulations 7. crowd 8. colleagues 9. informal
10. alert

二、单项选择

11. C 12. D 13. C 14. A 15. C 16. A 17. C 18. A
19. D 20. B 21. D 22. C 23. D 24. C 25. A

三、补全对话

- 26—30 F E A G C

四、完形填空

31. B 32. D 33. C 34. A 35. B 36. A 37. D 38. B
39. A 40. C

五、阅读理解

41. C 42. B 43. D 44. B 45. A 46. B 47. B 48. C
49. D 50. B 51. B 52. B 53. A 54. C 55. A

六、翻译

56. 设计一个新产品需要一个人有创造力和创新精神。
57. 他决定穿着得体去面试,希望给经理留下一个积极的印象。
58. 她花了整个周末的时间试图为她最好的朋友想出一个独特的生日礼物。
59. take it for granted
60. pay attention to

七、书面表达

略

第 5 周 Unit 3 We Are Part of Nature

一、单词拼写

1. ecosystem 2. grassland 3. cycle 4. living 5. crew

二、单项选择

6. C 7. B 8. D 9. D 10. C 11. D 12. A 13. B
14. D 15. A 16. B 17. D 18. B 19. D 20. C

三、补全对话

- 21—25 E F G D A

四、完形填空

26. A 27. B 28. D 29. A 30. B 31. A 32. D 33. A
34. B 35. C

五、阅读理解

36. D 37. C 38. B 39. A 40. D 41. D 42. B 43. D
44. A 45. C 46. B 47. C 48. A 49. B 50. C

六、翻译

51. 农贸市场是购买新鲜本地农产品的好地方。
52. 减少能源消耗对于应对气候变化至关重要。