



广西职教高考

语文复习指导

语文考前冲刺卷

数学复习指导

数学考前冲刺卷

英语复习指导

英语考前冲刺卷

广西职教高考
英语考前冲刺卷

主编 覃桂琴 覃玉丹 农安茶



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SHANGHAI JIAO TONG UNIVERSITY PRESS

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赠册 参考答案及解析

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赠册 参考答案及解析

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内容提要

本书依据《广西高等职业教育考试大纲与说明(英语)》,并参照近几年广西职教高考英语科目的真题题型及难度进行编写,内容包括 20 套考前冲刺卷。本书知识点覆盖全面,难度与分值设置合理,将基础知识考查与解题能力训练相结合,能够帮助考生高效学习、科学备考。

本书既可以作为参加广西职教高考的考生的复习用书,也可以作为参加其他相关考试的考生的复习用书。

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前 言

目 录

广西职教高考贯彻党的教育方针,坚持立德树人、德技并修,立足服务现代职业教育高质量发展需要,是一项为不同禀赋和需要的学生发挥个性潜能提供多样化选择的选拔性考试。

通过多年的摸索与实践,广西职教高考越来越规范有序,考试具有较高的信度、效度和必要的区分度。从考试内容和考试形式上来看,参加广西职教高考的考生面临着很大的挑战,多数考生为如何能在短期内熟悉考试内容、把握考试重难点、弥补“短板”感到困惑,亟须通过高效的学习来快速提升应试能力,从而在考试中脱颖而出。

为了帮助广大考生在较短的时间内高效、便捷、准确地把握考试的脉络,我们特组织多所重点中等职业学校的任课教师,根据最新的《广西高等职业教育考试大纲与说明(英语)》,深入研究广西职教高考试卷的命题情况,针对命题中出现的最新变化,精心编写了本书,供广大考生在复习时使用。

本书有以下鲜明特色:

1. 名师精研,凝结智慧

本书编者系中等职业学校的骨干教师,他们始终工作在教学一线,熟悉考情和考生的备考情况,在长期的教学实践中,总结出了丰富的教学经验,拥有先进的编写理念和系统的编写思路,这使得本书具有较高的参考价值。

2. 内容全面,重点突出

本书是广西职教高考的复习用书,试卷结构、试题类型、试题难度等的设计均参照最新的《广西高等职业教育考试大纲与说明(英语)》,旨在系统全面地考查知识点,同时帮助考生高效掌握核心技能,培养良好的学习习惯和解决问题的能力。本书体现了广西职教高考的特色,既充分把握了考试的命题特点,又体现了其发展趋势。

3. 编排合理,题型丰富

本书包括 20 套考前冲刺卷,知识点覆盖全面,难度与分值设置合理,包含情景交际、选词填空、阅读理解、书面表达等常考题型,将基础知识考查与解题能力训练相结合,能够帮助考生把握重点、找准方向、科学备考、高效学习。考生可以利用本书模拟职教高考的考试情境,更好地把握考情,强化对基础知识的理解与运用,掌握必备的应试技巧,切实提高应试能力。

本书以赠册的形式提供参考答案及解析,参考答案及解析详细、独到,由点及面,不仅方便考生核对正误,而且能帮助他们校正解题思路、总结解题方法。本书既可以作为参加广西职教高考的考生的复习用书,也可以作为参加其他相关考试的考生的复习用书。

在编写本书的过程中,我们广泛征求一线教师的意见,秉承高效、实用的理念打造精品。我们衷心地希望本书能成为考生学习之路上的一盏明灯,引领考生在知识的海洋中扬帆远航!

编 者

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英语考前冲刺卷(一)

(满分 100 分,考试时间 120 分钟)

第一部分 情景交际(10 题,每题 2 分,共 20 分)

阅读下列简短对话,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项,将对话补全。

- () 1. —_____ Could you tell me where the railway station is?
—Go along this street and turn left at the first crossroads.
A. Wait a moment. B. You are very nice.
C. Excuse me. D. Nice to see you.
- () 2. —It is so kind of you to help me with my math.
—_____
A. Don't say so. B. I am not so kind.
C. It is my pleasure. D. Never mind.
- () 3. —What a wonderful night! Thank you for inviting me.
—_____
A. I'm sorry to hear that. B. It doesn't matter.
C. That's a good idea. D. It's my pleasure.
- () 4. —What's wrong with you?
—_____
A. I feel good. B. I'm afraid not.
C. I have got a headache. D. Sorry, I don't know you.
- () 5. —Hello! Is that Mr. Wang speaking?
—Yes. _____?
A. Who are you B. Who is that
C. What are you doing D. How are you
- () 6. —Would you like to go shopping with us?
—_____, but I have to finish my homework first.
A. I'd love to B. Certainly
C. That's true D. Don't worry

- () 7. —Did you enjoy the concert?
—_____ It was amazing.
A. I wasn't there. B. No, it was boring.
C. Yes, I loved it. D. I didn't see it.
- () 8. —Can I park my car here, sir?
—_____ You see, there's much traffic here.
A. Never mind. B. You'd better not.
C. Of course. D. Yes, please.
- () 9. —_____, sir?
—I'd like some salad.
A. What can I do for you B. What's up
C. It's time for lunch D. How are you
- () 10. —What does Claire look like?
—_____
A. She is an English teacher. B. She likes reading books.
C. She is tall and thin. D. She is humorous.

第二部分 选词填空(10 题,每题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项,填入相应的空格处。

We all 1 to know the art of apology. Think how often you have done wrong and how many 2 you have said clearly 3. You can't go to bed with an easy mind if you do 4 about it.

A doctor friend, Mr. Lied, told me about a patient with different kinds of signs: headaches, heart trouble and insomnia (失眠症). 5 some careful exams, Mr. Lied found nothing wrong with him and said, "If you don't tell me what's 6 you, I can't help you." The man admitted he was cheating his brother of his inheritance (遗产). Then the clever doctor 7 the man write to his brother and 8 his money. As soon as the letter was sent, the man suddenly cried. "Thank you," he said to the doctor. "I think I have got well."

An apology can not only save a broken relationship, but also make it 9. If you can think of someone who should be 10 an apology from you, do something about it right now.

- () 1. A. decide B. have C. need D. try

- () 2.

A. mistakes

B. people

C. ways

D. times
- () 3.

A. sorry

B. weak

C. sad

D. right
- () 4.

A. something

B. anything

C. nothing

D. everything
- () 5.

A. Before

B. After

C. Till

D. Since
- () 6.

A. hurting

B. hanging

C. touching

D. worrying
- () 7.

A. asked

B. told

C. let

D. saw
- () 8.

A. give

B. keep

C. return

D. send
- () 9.

A. happier

B. worse

C. stronger

D. healthier
- () 10.

A. received

B. given

C. known


D. forgotten

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节(15 题,每题 2 分,共 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Text 1

<div></div>		<div>Ne Zha 2 (Mandarin, Eng Sub)</div> <div>144 min 13 Feb, 2025</div> <div>Animated fantasy violence</div> <div>Celebrate the year of the Snake with your friends and family at HOYTS. Whether you're after a heartfelt romance, a powerful drama or an action-packed adventure, there is a movie for you!</div>	
<div>Synopsis (剧情简介)</div> <div>After the heavenly lightning, although Ne Zha and Ao Bing survived by becoming Spirits, they would soon disappear completely. Taiyi plans to rebuild Ne Zha and Ao Bing's mortal bodies with the Seven-colored Precious Lotus. However, during the process of reconstruction, numerous difficulties arise. What will become of the fate of Ne Zha and Ao Bing?</div>		<div>Details</div> <div>Director</div> <div>Jiaozi (Yang Yu)</div> <div>Cast (主演)</div> <div>Joseph, Han Mo, Chen Hao, Lyu Yanting, Lyu Qi</div> <div>Genre (类型)</div> <div>Action, Animation, Drama, Fantasy</div> <div>Rating</div> <div>M (Animated fantasy violence)</div> <div>Release Date</div> <div>13 February 2025</div> <div>Runtime</div> <div>144 min</div>	

- () 1.

When is *Ne Zha 2* released at HOYTS?

A. 13 February 2024.

B. 13 February 2025.

C. 25 February 2025.

D. 13 January 2025.
- () 2.

What is a trouble faced by Ne Zha and Ao Bing after they survived by becoming Spirits?

A. Learning from Taiyi.

B. The destruction of the heavenly palace.

C. Disappearing without mortal bodies.

D. A powerful enemy using magic.
- () 3.

Why do Ne Zha and Ao Bing need the Seven-colored Precious Lotus?

A. To gain superhuman powers.

B. To repair their broken spirits.

C. To rebuild their mortal bodies.

D. To control their fate.
- () 4.

Which of the following names is NOT listed in the cast?

A. Joseph.

B. Han Mo.

C. Yang Yu.

D. Lyu Qi.
- () 5.

What genre does *Ne Zha 2* belong to?

A. Comedy and Romance.

B. Action, Animation, Drama, Fantasy.

C. Horror and Thriller.

D. Documentary and Biography.

Text 2

A few years ago, my husband and I were on an island for a long weekend with our two daughters. As we went back and forth about what to do next, our girls jumped in and told us exactly what they wanted to do. “We want to go to the Butterfly Museum,” said Ariela and Eliana.

As soon as we walked into the main area of the museum, we saw thousands of beautiful butterflies, all flapping their colorful wings. My girls were jumping up and down, and I knew we had made the right decision to come to the museum. They were having so much fun. I turned to our museum tour guide because I was curious, and asked, “How long do butterflies live?”

She said, “About ten days.”

“What can butterflies do during ten days?” I asked.

The guide stopped, looked at me, and said, “They make the world a more beautiful place.”

After we said goodbye, I couldn’t stop thinking about what the guide had said. She was right. We all have something to offer the world with the time we have. When we focus our gifts on

taking care of each other every day, we can make a difference.

- () 6. Where did the family spend their long weekend a few years ago?
A. In a science museum. B. On an island.
C. At home. D. In a beautiful park.
- () 7. How many people are there in the family?
A. Two. B. Three.
C. Four. D. Five.
- () 8. After walking into the main area of the museum, the mother _____.
A. wanted to buy some beautiful butterflies for her daughters
B. knew that thousands of beautiful butterflies would die
C. realized that they had made a correct decision
D. realized that they should not come to the museum
- () 9. How long do butterflies live according to the tour guide?
A. About ten hours. B. No more than ten months.
C. About ten years. D. Around ten days.
- () 10. What did the writer learn from butterflies?
A. We all have something to offer the world with the time we have.
B. Butterflies can only live about ten days.
C. The daughters were having so much fun to watch the butterflies.
D. They make the world a more beautiful place.

Text 3

Dear Mum and Dad,

How are you? I've just finished my lunch. I'm writing to you from my camp.

Yesterday we left school at 8:00 am. The camp is only 200 miles from our home, and the school bus got us here at noon. I share a room with three boys. Two of them know how to use computers. They're in Mr. Green's class. I'm learning how to use computers, so I am in Mrs. Brown's class. I have to design my own program this week. All of the campers have to. I want to design a game. Then I can teach it to you.

We must take part in two other activities every day. I am going to choose swimming and tennis. In my free time, I am going to play games on the computers. So are most of the campers. I like camping, but I don't like the food. It's very bad. We have our breakfast, lunch and supper in a very big room. When we are eating, everyone is talking and there's a lot of noise. I have to

say "goodbye" now. See you in two weeks.

Love,
Chris

- () 11. Chris wrote the letter _____.
A. in the morning B. in the evening
C. at 8:00 am D. at noon
- () 12. It took the school bus _____ hours to go from school to the camp.
A. two B. four
C. three D. five
- () 13. There were _____ boys living in Chris's room.
A. two B. three
C. four D. five
- () 14. They ate _____.
A. a lot of good food B. in a small room
C. in a noisy room D. with three boys
- () 15. Chris was going to be at the camp for _____.
A. two days B. ten days
C. twenty days D. fourteen days

第二节(5 题,每题 2 分,共 10 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The world is not only hungry but also thirsty for water. This may seem strange to you, since nearly 70% of the Earth's surface is covered with water. But about 97% of that is sea water or salt water. 1 And we can not even use all of that because some of it has been made dirty.

 2 The water that we use is the most important natural resource on the Earth. Today we face serious water problems. One of them is water pollution. All kinds of things from cars, factories, farms and homes make our rivers, lakes and oceans dirty. 3

Scientists say that in 30 years, more than half of the people in the world won't have enough clean water. We have to learn how to stop wasting water. 4 Today in most large cities, water is used only once and then sent out into a sewer (下水道) system. From there it returns to the sea or goes underground.

 5 So we should make use of sea water by removing the salt in it. If we can take these

steps, fresh water won't be used up.

- A. We must remember how important water is.

B. Even though every large city reused its water, we would still not have enough.

C. Polluted water is very bad for people to drink. And dirty water is bad for fish, too.

D. One of the first steps is to develop ways of reusing it.

E. Man can only drink and use the other 3% of fresh water from rivers, lakes, underground and so on.

第四部分 完形填空(10 题,每题 1 分,共 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空格处填入适当的词或用括号里的词的正确形式填空。

China has made great progress in many fields recently. Here are some examples.

5G service is one of the 1 (big) developments. It is 1,000 times as fast 2 4G. People can surf the Internet 3 (easy). Information can be 4 (exchange) quickly.

Mobile payment is playing 5 important part in our lives. Most Chinese people are used to 6 (pay) for almost everything with 7 (they) smartphones.

The Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge 8 (be) the longest sea-crossing bridge in the world. It opened to traffic 9 October 24th, 2018. It can help with the trade and tourism among the three 10 (place).

With all the progress, people's lives are becoming better and better.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

第五部分 书面表达(1 题,15 分)

每个人都有自己的家乡,你的家乡在哪里? 那里有什么风土人情? 请以“My Hometown”为题,写一篇 80 词左右的作文。

My Hometown

英语考前冲刺卷(二)

(满分 100 分,考试时间 120 分钟)

第一部分 情景交际(10 题,每题 2 分,共 20 分)

阅读下列简短对话,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项,将对话补全。

- () 1. —Could you please pass me the salt?

—_____

A. Yes, it’s right. B. No, please don’t.

C. Yes, please. D. Sure, here you are.
- () 2. —Can I ask you some questions?

—_____ Ask anything you like.

A. Certainly not. B. Of course.

C. Not really. D. Perhaps not.
- () 3. —I wonder if I can win the English speech contest.

—_____ It’s really a good chance.

A. Go for it! B. Never mind!

C. Got it! D. Good idea!
- () 4. —What’s wrong with you?

—_____

A. No worry. B. Thank you.

C. All right. D. I’ve got a bad cold.
- () 5. —Hi, Kathy. We’re going to have a party this Saturday. Will you come?

—_____ What time?

A. I suppose so. B. I’d love to.

C. I don’t mind. D. I like it.
- () 6. —It will be my turn. I feel a little nervous.

—_____ You can make it!

A. Congratulations! B. Take it easy!

C. Look out! D. Have a good time!

- () 7. —It’s raining hard! I am going to stand under that big tree.

—_____ It’s dangerous to do so in such weather!

A. You’d better not. B. It doesn’t matter.

C. All right. D. My pleasure.
- () 8. —Betty, why do you look so sad?

—My pet dog is gone.

—_____

A. What’s wrong with you? B. Oh, I am so sorry to hear that.

C. It’s too big. D. Why didn’t you take it away?
- () 9. —Thank you for your delicious food.

—_____

A. I’m glad you enjoy it. B. It’s really nothing.

C. But I don’t think so. D. Don’t say so.
- () 10. —How was your visit to the college, Joe?

—_____ I love going there.

A. By accident. B. It’s none of your business.

C. Wonderful. D. Exactly.

第二部分 选词填空(10 题,每题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项,填入相应的空格处。

Once upon a time, there was a swan. She lived in a lake. A woman with her two daughters lived in a small house 1 the lake. They lived a hard life. Sometimes they 2 money to buy food. The swan was 3 to see that. She 4 to help them. Every day she came to the woman’s house and left a golden feather without 5 anything. The woman sold the feather 6 bought food. She was happy because her life was 7 than before.

But the woman became greedy. One day when the swan 8, the woman caught her and took all her golden feathers. Suddenly the golden feathers 9 common feathers.

The swan said, “I came to help you, but you wanted to kill 10. I will never come back. Never be greedy.” With these words, the swan disappeared.

- () 1. A. under B. near C. in D. on

() 2. A. haven’t B. don’t have C. didn’t have D. has

- () 3. A. unhappy B. friendly C. happy D. unfriendly
- () 4. A. continued B. decided C. rushed D. hurried
- () 5. A. seeing B. saying C. bringing D. hurrying
- () 6. A. but B. so C. because D. and
- () 7. A. better B. good C. best D. well
- () 8. A. jumped B. came C. went D. cried
- () 9. A. changed into B. picked up C. led to D. took around
- () 10. A. him B. her C. I D. me

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节(15 题,每题 2 分,共 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Text 1

The LANLEY SCHOOL of English		
Do you need to learn English for work, study or fun?		
3 Courses		
Speaking	Writing	Listening
-not more than 10 students -30-hour course -Monday to Friday -native teachers £ 125. 00	-not more than 20 students -10-hour course -Saturday only -experienced teachers £ 30. 00	-not more than 50 students -50-hour course -every day of the week -experienced teachers £ 95. 00
Opening Hours Monday—Friday 9 am—8 pm Saturday—Sunday 10 am—5 pm Contact 02 0443 1566 <i>enquires@lsofe.co.uk</i>		Find us 122A Great Eastern Street Lanleygate London WA 5CB <i>www.lsofe.co.uk</i>

- () 1. How many courses are there in the Lanley School of English?
A. 3. B. 9.
C. 10. D. 30.
- () 2. If you want to take the listening course, you should pay _____.
A. £20. B. £30.
C. £95. D. £125.
- () 3. When can you take the writing course?
A. On Monday. B. On Thursday.
C. On Friday. D. On Saturday.
- () 4. Which course has the longest course hour?
A. Writing. B. Speaking.
C. Listening. D. Reading.
- () 5. What is true about the speaking course?
A. It costs £30.
B. You can have native teachers.
C. You can have class every day of the week.
D. There will be more than 10 students in each class.

Text 2

Modern life is impossible without traveling. The fastest way to travel is by air. With a modern plane you can travel in one day to places which might take a month or more to reach several hundred years ago.

Traveling by train is slower than by air, but it has its advantages. You can see the country you are traveling in. Modern trains have comfortable seats and dining cars. They make even the longest journey enjoyable.

Some people prefer to travel by sea when it is possible. There are large liners and river boats with which you can visit many other countries and different places. Traveling by sea is a very pleasant way to spend a holiday.

Many people like to travel by car. You can make your own timetable. You can travel three or four hundred miles or only fifty miles a day, just as you like. You can stop wherever you wish—where there is something interesting to see, at a good restaurant where you can enjoy a good meal, or a hotel to spend the night in. That is why traveling by car is popular for pleasure trips, while

people usually take a train or a plane when they are traveling on business.

- () 6. From the text, we know the fastest way of traveling is _____.
- A. by train B. by sea
C. by plane D. by car
- () 7. If we travel by car, we can _____.
- A. make the longest journey enjoyable
B. travel to a very far place in a few minutes
C. make our own timetable
D. visit many other countries
- () 8. The underlined word “They” in the text refers to “_____”.
- A. modern trains in the country
B. the comfortable seats and dining cars
C. the travelers on the modern trains
D. the slower ways of traveling
- () 9. When people travel on business, they usually take _____.
- A. a plane or a car B. a car or a boat
C. a boat or a train D. a train or a plane
- () 10. How many ways of traveling are mentioned in the text?
- A. Four. B. Three.
C. Two. D. Six.

Text 3

You go to school and learn. But when you finish high school or college, is learning done? The answer is “No”. In fact, you are learning all the time. It’s called lifelong learning.

Why will you be a lifelong learner? Lifelong learning is very important in the information age. To be a lifelong learner can help you get rich knowledge to face new challenges. It's helpful in improving yourself.

How can you be a lifelong learner? Here are some tips for you:

☆Seek knowledge. Always search for much knowledge on a topic you are interested in. Make use of every chance to get knowledge.

☆Think critically. Always use a lot of ways to select useful information for questions and give your own judgement. Think from other perspectives (角度). Don't simply trust what experts say.

☆Solve problems. Always see problems as challenges and new experiences. Put your knowledge into practice. Try to work out the problems with your knowledge and your judgment.

Remember: It's never too late to learn and it's never too old to learn. Learning is life. So, make lifelong learning one of your goals!

- () 11. Why is lifelong learning important?
- A. Because it helps improve yourself.
- B. Because it's the best way to be successful.
- C. Because it's fun and easy.
- D. Because it's important in school.
- () 12. What does the underlined word “critically” mean in Chinese in the text?
- A. 好奇地
- B. 批判性地
- C. 小心地
- D. 方便地
- () 13. Which tip is NOT mentioned in the text?
- A. Seek knowledge.
- B. Think critically.
- C. Be social.
- D. Solve problems.
- () 14. Which statement is TRUE according to the text?
- A. Learning only happens in school.
- B. Always trust the experts.
- C. It's too old to learn.
- D. See problems as challenges.
- () 15. What's the main idea of the text?
- A. Learning can be fun.
- B. Learning is useless.
- C. Make sure to be a good learner.
- D. Learning is life.

第二节(5 题,每题 2 分,共 10 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I was always worried about careless mistakes before. I often thought they were just about “not being careful”.

But over time, 1 We need to change how we work out problems. I start by understanding that everyone makes mistakes. 2 Accepting this makes me feel less stressed and helps me get better. For example, once I made a mistake in a math test because I was in a rush. Knowing it was common to mess up (搞砸) sometimes made me less hard on myself.

Later, 3 I write down what I did wrong and organize my mistakes. This helps me learn from my mistakes. I even add little notes on how I could do better next time.

Next, 4 For math, there are steps like checking answers. For writing, I review the paper and do a grammar check. Each time I feel worried, I take a deep breath, rethink my way and slow down my thinking. This helps me catch mistakes before they happen.

What’s more, I celebrate my improvements, no matter how small. 5 Like when I got one more question right in a quiz than last time, I treated myself to a small piece of chocolate. It really made me keep going and be more careful.

- A. It is simply a part of being human.

B. I decided to keep a journal of my mistakes.

C. I make checklists (检查清单) for different subjects.

D. I learned that these mistakes could show how we think.

E. This way not only makes me feel sure about my abilities, but also helps me improve.

第四部分 完形填空(10 题,每题 1 分,共 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空格处填入适当的词或用括号里的词的正确形式填空。

Jiaozi is also 1 (call) 2 (China) dumplings. It is a traditional Chinese food. People in the north of China like it best. 3 the eve of the Spring Festival, Chinese family usually get together to make dumplings. Chinese dumplings are so delicious 4 many people also eat them in their holidays and festivals. There are different kinds of dumplings, such 5 dumplings 6 meat, dumplings with vegetables and dumplings with seafood. It is easy 7 a Chinese to make dumplings. Many 8 (foreign) think Chinese are 9 (create) enough to make such delicious food. I take pride in 10 (be) a Chinese because we can provide such yummy food for the whole world. What do you think of Chinese dumplings?

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____
6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

第五部分 书面表达(1 题,15 分)

假如你是李华。你在网上看到一则招聘广告,内容是史密斯先生(Mr. Smith)一家希望为他们八月的广西之行聘请一名临时导游。请根据以下招聘要求给史密斯先生写一封英语自荐信。

1. 英语口语流利;

2. 熟悉广西著名景点;

3. 容易相处。

要求:70~80 词。

Dear Mr. Smith,

(赠册)

广西职教高考英语考前冲刺卷

参考答案及解析



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英语考前冲刺卷(一)

参考答案及解析

第一部分 情景交际

1. C 根据对话内容可知,这是考查问路的交际用语。Excuse me 可译为“劳驾,打扰一下”,是一种礼貌用语,可用于请求别人帮助或打断别人谈话等情景中。故选 C。
2. C It is my pleasure 意为“不用客气”,用于回应对方表达感激的话,故选 C。
3. D I'm sorry to hear that 意为“很抱歉听到这个”;It doesn't matter 意为“没关系”;That's a good idea 意为“那是个好主意”;It's my pleasure 意为“我的荣幸”。句意:——多么美妙的夜晚!谢谢你邀请我。——我的荣幸。故选 D。
4. C I feel good 意为“我感觉良好”;I'm afraid not 意为“恐怕不行”;I have got a bad headache 意为“我头很痛”;“Sorry, I don't know you”意为“对不起,我不认识你”。“What's wrong with you?”用于询问对方怎么了,所以回答应该是不舒服或者生病了。C 项符合语境。故选 C。
5. B Who are you 意为“你是谁”;Who is that 意为“你是谁”;What are you doing 意为“你在做什么”;How are you 意为“你好吗”。空处填电话用语,询问对方是谁时不用 Who are you。B 项符合语境。故选 B。
6. A I'd love to 意为“我想去”;Certainly 意为“当然”;That's true 意为“那是真的”;Don't worry 意为“别担心”。句意:——你想和我们一起去购买吗?——我想去,但是我得先写完家庭作业。故选 A。
7. C I wasn't there 意为“我没在那”;“No, it was boring”意为“不,它很无聊”;“Yes, I loved it”意为“是的,我很喜欢”;I didn't see it 意为“我没看”。句意:——你喜欢这场演唱会吗?——是的,我很喜欢。演唱会太棒了。故选 C。
8. B 句意:——先生,我能把车停在这儿吗?——你最好不要。你看,这里交通很繁忙。Never mind 意为“别介意,不要放在心上”;You'd better not 意为“最好不要”;Of course 意为“当然”;“Yes, please”意为“是的,请吧”。根据下文“You see, there's much traffic here. (你看,这里交通很繁

忙。)”可知前文为否定回答。故选 B。

9. A 句意:——先生,我能帮您做什么?——我想要些沙拉。根据答语可知,只有“What can I do for you?”符合语境。故选 A。
10. C She is an English teacher 意为“她是一名英语老师”;She likes reading books 意为“她喜欢读书”;She is tall and thin 意为“她又高又瘦”;She is humorous 意为“她很幽默”。句意:——克莱尔长什么样?——她又高又瘦。故选 C。

第二部分 选词填空

1. C 考查动词。decide to do sth. 意为“决定做某事”;have to 意为“不得不”;need to do sth. 意为“需要做某事”;try to do sth. 意为“尽力做某事”。句意:我们都需要知道道歉的艺术。故选 C。
2. D 考查名词。mistake 意为“错误”;people 意为“人;人们”;way 意为“方式;方法”;time 意为“次数”。句意:想一下你明确地说“对不起”的次数。故选 D。
3. A 考查形容词。sorry 意为“歉疚的”;weak 意为“虚弱的”;sad 意为“悲伤的”;right 意为“正确的”。由前文 the art of apology(道歉的艺术)可知,此处是说“对不起”。故选 A。
4. C 考查不定代词。something 意为“某事”;anything 意为“任何事;任何东西”;nothing 意为“没有任何东西;没有任何事”;everything 意为“每件事;一切”。句意:如果你对这件事情什么都不做,你就不能带着放松的心情去睡觉。故选 C。
5. B 考查介词。before 意为“在……以前”;after 意为“在……以后”;till 意为“直到”;since 意为“自从”。根据 Mr. Lied found nothing wrong with him 可知,是在仔细地做了检查之后,故选 B。
6. D 考查动词。hurt 意为“使受伤”;hang 意为“悬挂”;touch 意为“触摸”;worry 意为“使担心”。句意:如果你不告诉我你在担忧什么,我就不能帮助你。故选 D。
7. C 考查动词。ask 意为“要求”;tell 意为“告诉”;let 意为“让”;see 意为“看见”。根据 the man write to his brother 中 write 为动词原形可知用 let sb. do sth., 意为“让某人做某事”。句意:这个聪明的医生让那个人给他兄弟写一封信。故选 C。

8. C 考查动词。give 意为“给”;keep 意为“保存”;return 意为“归还”;send 意为“发送”。根据上文 he was cheating his brother of his inheritance 可知,要把钱还给他的兄弟,故选 C。
9. C 考查形容词。happier 意为“更高兴的,更快乐的”;worse 意为“更坏的,更糟的”;stronger 意为“更强壮的;更牢固的”;healthier 意为“更健康的”。根据“not only save a broken relationship, but also make it...”可知,句中的 it 指代前面的 relationship,此处指关系更牢固。故选 C。
10. B 考查动词。receive 意为“收到”;give 意为“给”;know 意为“知道;了解”;forget 意为“忘记”。由 an apology from you 可知是来自“你”的道歉,即对方被给予一个道歉。故选 B。

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节

1. B 细节理解题。根据 Release Date 下的 13 February 2025 可知答案选 B。
2. C 细节理解题。根据剧情简介下的内容可知,哪吒和敖丙重生后面面临的一个麻烦是他们可能会消失,需要重塑肉身。故选 C。
3. C 细节理解题。结合剧情简介下的“Taiyi plans to rebuild Ne Zha and Ao Bing's mortal bodies with the Seven-colored Precious Lotus.”可知,他们需要七色宝莲重塑肉身。故选 C。
4. C 细节理解题。Cast 下列举的人名中不包括杨宇(Yang Yu),他是该电影的导演。故选 C。
5. B 细节理解题。根据 Genre 下的“Action, Animation, Drama, Fantasy”可知答案选 B。
6. B 细节理解题。根据第一段第一句“A few years ago, my husband and I were on an island for a long weekend with our two daughters.”可知,他们在岛上度过长周末。故选 B。
7. C 细节理解题。根据第一段第一句可知,作者有两个女儿,家中一共 4 口人。故选 C。
8. C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“My girls were jumping up and down, and I knew we had made the right decision to come to the museum.”可知,看到女儿们上蹿下跳玩得很开心,作者意识到他们做了正确的决定。故选 C。
9. D 细节理解题。根据第三段导游说的话“About ten days.”可知,蝴蝶的寿命约有 10 天。故选 D。
10. A 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的“She was

right. We all have something to offer the world with the time we have.”可知,作者从蝴蝶身上学习到应在有限的生命里对世界有所给予。故选 A。

11. D 细节理解题。根据第一段第二句“I've just finished my lunch. I'm writing to...”可知,这封信是中午写的。故选 D。
12. B 推理判断题。根据第二段中的“Yesterday we left school at 8:00 am. The camp is only 200 miles from our home, and the school bus got us here at noon.”可知,早上 8 点从学校出发,中午 12 点到达营地,坐了 4 个小时的校车。故选 B。
13. C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“I share a room with three boys.”可知,克里斯的房间有 4 个男孩。故选 C。
14. C 细节理解题。根据第三段中的“We have our breakfast, lunch and supper in a very big room. When we are eating, everyone is talking and there's a lot of noise.”可知,他们在一间很大的房间里就餐,里面很吵闹。故选 C。
15. D 细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句“See you in two weeks.”可知,克里斯会在营地待两周。故选 D。

第二节

1. E 根据上句“But about 97% of that is sea water or salt water.”及下句“And we can not even use all of that...”可知,E 项“人类只能饮用来自河流、湖泊、地下等其他 3% 的淡水。”承上启下。故选 E。
2. A 空格处是本段的中心句。根据下文“The water that we use is the most important natural resource on the Earth.”可知,本段说明了水的重要性。A 项“我们必须记住水有多重要。”与下文相呼应。故选 A。
3. C 根据上文“One of them is water pollution. All kinds of things from cars, factories, farms and homes make our rivers, lakes and oceans dirty.”可知,各种各样的来自汽车、工厂、农场、家庭的东西都会造成水污染,C 项“人们饮用受污染的水会有害健康,而且脏水对鱼也有害。”承接上文。故选 C。
4. D 根据上文“...more than half of the people in the world won't have enough clean water. We

have to learn how to stop wasting water.”可知，地球缺水，我们要学会停止浪费水，D项“第一步是要开发再利用水的方法。”与停止浪费水相呼应。故选D。

5. B 根据下文“So we should make use of sea water by removing the salt in it. If we can take these steps, fresh water won't be used up.”可知，下文提出了通过去除海水中的盐来增加淡水的方法，B项“即使每个大城市都循环用水，但还是不够。”与下文提出的方法相呼应。故选B。

第四部分 完形填空

1. biggest 2. as 3. easily 4. exchanged 5. an
6. paying 7. their 8. is 9. on 10. places

第五部分 书面表达

My Hometown

My hometown is Nanning, which is known as the “Green City” because of its rich plants and beautiful sceneries.

In Nanning, you can feel the rich Zhuang culture, which is reflected in the traditional festivals, dances, and customs. The people here are friendly and welcoming, always ready to share their customs and food with visitors. The local dishes, such as sour rice noodles, are a must-try for food lovers.

I love my hometown for its natural beauty, cultural diversity, and the warmth of its people.

英语考前冲刺卷(二)

参考答案及解析

第一部分 情景交际

1. D 上句意为：麻烦你把盐递给我好吗？结合选项，下句应为简单的肯定或否定答语。“Sure, here you are”意为“好的，给你”，符合语境及英语表达习惯。故选D。
2. B 根据答语后一句“Ask anything you like.”可知是同意了对方的请求，Of course 意为“当然可以”。故选B。
3. A 根据“I wonder if I can win the English speech contest.”可知，说话人在为英语演讲比赛担忧，根据答语可知这是一个好机会，空格处应该填鼓励的话语。结合选项可知，应用 Go for it, 意为“加油，努力争取”。故选A。

4. D “What's wrong with you?”是对身体状况进行提问，D项意为“我得了重感冒”，符合语境。故选D。

5. B I suppose so 意为“我想是这样”；I'd love to 意为“我很愿意”；I don't mind 意为“我不介意”；I like it 意为“我喜欢它”。根据问句中的“Will you come? (你能来吗?)”可知，用 I'd love to 答复对方的邀请。句意：——嗨，凯西，这个周六我们要举办一场聚会。你能来吗？——我想去。几点钟呢？故选B。

6. B 根据“I feel a little nervous.”可知说话人有点紧张，结合选项可知，“Take it easy! (放轻松!)”符合语境，与后半句“You can make it! (你可以做到的!)”相匹配。故选B。

7. A 说话者想要站在大树下避雨，根据答语“It's dangerous to do so in such weather!”可知，在大树下避雨很危险。由此可知，空格处应该填入表示否定意义的答语。A项“你最好不要(这么做)”符合语境。故选A。

8. B 根据“My pet dog is gone.”可知，是不幸的事情，结合选项可知，“Oh, I am so sorry to hear that. (哦，听到这个消息我很难过。)”符合语境。故选B。

9. A 对方说“谢谢你这美味的食物。”结合选项可知，A项“你能喜欢我很开心。”符合语境。故选A。

10. C 由“I love going there.”可知，答话人喜欢去那所大学，说明其在那所大学的体验非常棒。故选C。

第二部分 选词填空

1. B 考查介词。句意：一位妇女和她的两个女儿在湖边的小屋里住着。near the lake 意为“在湖边”。故选B。
2. C 考查时态。根据“They lived a hard life. (她们过着艰难的日子。)”可知，她们有时没有钱买食物；全文讲的是过去的事情，所以用一般过去时的否定形式。故选C。
3. A 考查形容词。根据后文可知天鹅在帮助母女3人，所以此处意为“看到她们买不起食物，天鹅不快乐”。故选A。
4. B 考查动词。continue 意为“继续”；decide 意为“决定”；rush 意为“冲”；hurry 意为“赶快”。根据后面的 to help them 可知，此处是 decide to do

sth.,意为“决定做某事”。故选 B。

5. B 考查动词。根据最后一段天鹅开口说了话可知,此处是说天鹅什么也不说,只留下一根金羽毛。故选 B。
6. D 考查连词。分析句子结构,这个妇人卖了金羽毛和买食物之间是顺承关系。故选 D。
7. A 考查比较级。由 than 可知用比较级,故选 A。
8. B 考查动词。jump 意为“跳”;come 意为“来”;go 意为“去”;cry 意为“哭”。根据上文“Every day she came to the woman's house...”可知,此处也是指“来到”。故选 B。
9. A 考查动词短语。change into 意为“变为”;pick up 意为“捡起”;lead to 意为“导致”;take around 意为“带……四处参观”。句意:突然,金羽毛变成了普通羽毛。故选 A。
10. D 考查人称代词。此句是天鹅说的话,动词后面的代词用 I 的宾格形式。故选 D。

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节

1. A 细节理解题。根据课程介绍中的 3 Courses 可得出答案。故选 A。
2. C 细节理解题。根据 Listening 课程介绍最下面的 £95 可知,如果想上听力课,应该支付 95 英镑。故选 C。
3. D 细节理解题。根据 Writing 课程介绍部分中的 Saturday only 可知,写作课只在周六开课。故选 D。
4. C 细节理解题。根据对 3 门课程的介绍可知,Speaking 课程时长为 30 小时,Writing 课程时长为 10 小时,Listening 课程时长为 50 小时,因此,听力课程的课时最长。故选 C。
5. B 细节理解题。根据 Speaking 课程介绍中的 native teachers 可得出答案。故选 B。
6. C 细节理解题。根据第一段中的“The fastest way to travel is by air.”可知,最快的旅行方式是乘飞机。故选 C。
7. C 细节理解题。根据第四段前两句“Many people like to travel by car. You can make your own timetable.”可知,如果开车去旅行,我们就可以制订自己的时间表。故选 C。
8. B 推理判断题。画线词前一句提到现代火车有舒适的座椅和餐车。画线词所在句意为:它们甚至使最长的旅程变得令人愉快。“它们”指的应

是前文提到的舒适的座椅和餐车。故选 B。

9. D 细节理解题。根据最后一段最后一句中的 while people usually take a train or a plane when they are traveling on business 可知,人们通常乘火车或飞机出差。故选 D。
10. A 细节理解题。通读短文可知,短文共提及 by air、by train、by sea 及 by car 这 4 种出行方式。故选 A。
11. A 细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“It's helpful in improving yourself.”可知,终身学习对提升自我有帮助。故选 A。
12. B 词义猜测题。根据画线词后面的句子“Always use a lot of ways to select useful information for questions and give your own judgement. (总是用很多方法来为解决问题选择有用的信息,并给出自己的判断。)”可知,要具有批判性思维。故选 B。
13. C 细节理解题。文章中 Here are some tips for you 下面提到的 3 条建议分别是“Seek knowledge,”“Think critically.”和“Solve problems.”。故选 C。
14. D 细节理解题。选项 A、B 和 C 都不符合终身学习的理念。只有 D 选项“See problems as challenges. (把问题视为挑战。)”正确,符合第三条建议的内容。故选 D。
15. D 主旨大意题。通读全文可知,文章围绕终身学习展开。Learning is life(学习就是生活)符合题意。故选 D。

第二节

1. D 前面的 But 表示转折,后面提到“We need to change how we work out problems.”,由此可知,作者对错误的看法发生了改变,选项 D“我了解到这些错误可以表明我们的想法。”与之相符。故选 D。
2. A 前面的“I start by understanding that everyone makes mistakes.”指出每个人都会犯错,因此犯错是人类的一部分。故选 A。
3. B 根据后面的“I write down what I did wrong and organize my mistakes.”可知,这里是说记下自己所犯的错误。故选 B。
4. C 根据后面的“For math, there are steps like checking answers. For writing, I review the paper and do a grammar check.”可知,这里是说为不同的学科制作检查清单。故选 C。

5. E 前面提到不管进步有多小,都要庆祝一下,选项 E“这样不仅可以使我确信自己的能力,还可以使我有提高。”揭示了这样做的好处。故选 E。

第四部分 完形填空

1. called 2. Chinese 3. On 4. that 5. as
6. with 7. for 8. foreigners 9. creative 10. being

第五部分 书面表达

Dear Mr. Smith,

I learned from the Internet that you need a part-time tour guide in Guangxi in August. I'm writing to apply for the job.

My name's Li Hua, a high school student. I can speak English fluently. I'm free in August. I'm interested in the job because I'm fond of traveling and I'm easy-going. What's more, I know many places of great interest in Guangxi.

Thanks for your consideration. I'm looking forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely,
Li Hua

英语考前冲刺卷(三)

参考答案及解析

第一部分 情景交际

1. A 由 Thank you 可知对方在表达感谢,结合选项可知,“It's my pleasure. (不客气,我的荣幸。)”符合语境。故选 A。
2. C 句意:——噢,太晚了。我现在必须走了。——好的,我们改天再见。I hope so 意为“希望如此”;I agree 意为“我同意”;I must leave now 意为“我现在必须走了”;I don't know 意为“我不知道”。根据语境可知,前一句说天色晚了,空格处应填 C 项。故选 C。
3. B 这是餐厅服务员与顾客之间的对话,由 I'd like chicken with rice 可知对方询问是否要点菜,结合选项可知,may I take your order (您要点菜吗)符合语境。故选 B。
4. A 句意:——我帮您把行李送到房间好吗?——不用了,谢谢。“No, thanks”意为“不,谢谢”,是一种委婉的拒绝用语;Don't worry 意为“别担心”,用于安慰对方;Good luck 意为“祝好运”,表示对对方的祝愿;Let's go 意为“我们走

吧”。根据“Shall I carry your baggage to your room?”可知,空格处是对对方提出的帮助的回答,A 项符合题意。故选 A。

5. D 对方询问今天过得怎么样,结合选项可知,“Quite well. Thanks. (非常好。谢谢。)”符合语境。故选 D。
6. D 说话者认为系安全带非常有必要,结合选项可知,“I agree. (我同意。)”符合语境。故选 D。
7. C 根据题干“如果你工作了一天感到很累,为什么不出去散步呢?”并结合选项可知,“That sounds nice. (听起来不错。)”符合语境。故选 C。
8. C 对方说“I am awfully sorry about the delay. (对于这次延误,我非常抱歉。)”以表达歉意,结合选项可知,“It doesn't matter. (没关系。)”符合语境。故选 C。
9. C 对于别人的赞美,礼貌且合适的回答是“谢谢你”。故选 C。
10. B 句意:——我认为你上这门课是浪费时间。——我不这么认为。我学到了很多。I suppose so 意为“我想是这样”;I don't think so 意为“我不这样认为”;I hope not 意为“我希望不是”;I am afraid not 意为“我恐怕不是”。对 I think 句型的否定回答用 I don't think so, so 代替 think 后宾语从句的内容。故选 B。

第二部分 选词填空

1. B 考查固定搭配。the same as 意为“与……一样”,是固定搭配。故选 B。
2. D 考查形容词短语。be open to 意为“对……开放”;be far from 意为“距离……远”;be similar to 意为“与……相似”;be different from 意为“与……不同”。由上一句“You are unique.”可知,此处是指每个人都跟别人不一样。故选 D。
3. A 考查连词。because 意为“因为”;however 意为“然而”时是副词;although 意为“虽然”;so 意为“所以”。此处要表达的含义是“人与人之间有差异是好事,因为这让这个世界有趣起来”。故选 A。
4. B 考查名词。由下句“Maybe your hair is the same color as your friend's...”可知,此处是与某些人进行比较。故选 B。
5. C 考查代词。比较级中比较双方应是同类相比。本句中是“你的头发”与“她的头发”之间的比较,故 than 后用 she 的名词性物主代词 hers。故选 C。