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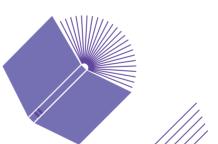
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# 河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试

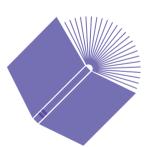
# 第 清 新油湖鄉

考前冲刺模拟卷

主编 赵 辉





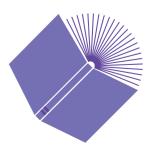


赠册参考答案及解析











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## 前言

为了帮助参加河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试的考生系统、全面、准确、高效地复习备考,我们特组织具有丰富教研经验的教研员深入研究近几年河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试真题的命题情况,紧密结合考生的实际学习特点,精心编写了这套适用于河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试的复习用书。

本书依据《河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试大纲(文化课)》,并参照近几年河北省普通高等学校对口招生考试英语科目的真题题型及难度进行编写,内容包括 13 套考前冲刺模拟卷和 5 套真题卷。全书知识点覆盖全面,难易度设置合理,将基础知识考查与解题能力训练相结合,能够帮助考生把握重点,找准方向,科学备考,高效学习。考生可以利用本套试卷模拟考试情境,更好地把握考情,强化对基础知识的理解与运用,学习必备的应试技巧,切实提高应试能力。本书内容充实,结构严谨,要点突出,指导性强,是广大考生进行考试复习和储备知识的重要参考资料。

在本书编写过程中,我们广泛征求了一线教师的意见,秉承高效、实用的理念打造精品。我们相信,凝聚着众多名师智慧的书籍定能成为考生通向成功彼岸的金桥,帮助考生到达理想的殿堂!

衷心希望本书能为广大考生的复习备考带来实质性的帮助。对书中的不足之处,敬请各位读者不吝指正。

编者

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## 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(一)

第	一部分 英语知	口识运用(共分三 <sup>=</sup>	节,满分 4	)分)				
	第一节 语音	知识:从A、B、C、I	D四个选项	页中找出其画	i线部分与所	<b>f给单词</b>	画线部分读音	相同
选	项。(共5分,每	小题1分)						
1.	collect <u>ed</u>	A. expected	B. devel	op <u>ed</u> C.	finished	D.	$embarrass\underline{ed}$	
2.	scan	A. pass	B. Franc	ee C.	p <u>a</u> th	D.	man	
3.	bend	A. theme	B. open	C.	spell	D.	zero	
1.	point	A. provide	B. into	С.	snowy	D.	enj <u>oy</u>	
5.	click	A. white	B. librar	y C.	wit	D <b>.</b>	five	
	第二节 词汇	二与语法知识:从	A,B,C,D	四个选项中	选出可以均	真人空白	1处的最佳选	项。(
25	分,每小题1分	)						
3.	My mother bou	ight me	useful bo	ok, and	book	is in my	y backpack.	
	А. а;а	B. an; the		C. the;a		D. a;th	ne	
7.	-Mr. Smith,	I'm sorry I didn't	finish my	homework	on time.			
	I	know you've been	taking ca	re of your fa	ather these	days.		
	A. That all de	pends		B. Help yo	urself			
	C. You are we	lcome		D. That's a	ıll right			
3.	Sally considers	Changsha to be h	er second	be	ecause she h	nas lived	l here for 18 y	years.
	A. family	B. house		C. home		D. roor	n	
9.	—Look! The b	ooys are talking ab	out the m	ovie	_·			
	—They always	have so many fur	n things to	share.				
	A. sadly	B. angrily		C. nervous	ly	D. happ	pily	
10	. Jimmy was bo	orn Febr	uary 19th	, 2015. Lily	and Lucy v	were bo	rn 2	016.
	A. in; in	B. on; on		C. in; on		D. on;	n	
11	. Do you still re	emember	her in th	e street last	week?			
	A. meet	B. meeting		C. met		D. to n	neet	
12	. —Who teache	s maths	?					
	—I teach	·						
	A. your; myse	elf		B. you; my	self			
	C. you; me			D. you; her	self			
13	. The CNC mad	chine doesn't work	<u> </u>	it says in t	he advertise	ement.		
	A. as better a	as		B. as good	as			
	C. as well as			D. as best a	as			

14.	—Is Richard still	living here?							
	—No, he	to Paris already.							
	A. had moved	B. moved	C. will move	D. has moved					
15.	—Mrs. Brown is	ill in hospital. She can	't come to school today						
	A. I don't think	0.0	B. Not at all						
			D. I don't know						
16	C. I'm sorry to h			5;+h9					
10.	-	ook at your plan for the	_	iitii <u>!</u>					
		rown. I've it B. forgotten		D. lost					
17				D. lost					
17.		you fall into B. as if		D. so that					
18		e pork for dinner. I don		D. So that					
10.	A. neither	B. too	C. also	D. either					
10		good friends. We are su							
19.	A. to protect	B. protect							
20	-	loesn't have any hobbies							
20.	A. if	B. when	C. since						
21		hallenging to follow Pro							
21.		B. that	C. it	D. one					
22		her is used to keeping h							
22.			C. clean	- 1					
23	•	lish because it							
20.	A. is; using		C. is; used						
24		the airport on time, _							
24.	A. but		C. so	D. or					
25		ng inconvenient,							
20.	A. call	B. to call	C. calling	D. called					
26		e this morning	_	D. cancu					
20.	A. what time you		B. where have you be	een					
	C. how did you g		D. why will you leave earlier						
27.		you are talking abou							
2		B. that	C. when	D. what					
28.		that he had lost a go							
		B. realised he	_	D. will he realise					
29		found your lost watch.		_ ,					
·		B. which	C. what	D. whom					

30. If I a boss, I would manage a big factory.

A. are B. was C. were D. be

第三节 完形填空:阅读下面的短文,从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳的答案。(共 10 分,每小题 1 分)

It's never easy to admit you are in the wrong. We all <u>31</u> to know the art of apology. Think how often you have done wrong. Then count how many <u>32</u> you have expressed clearly you were 33. You can't go to bed with an easy mind if you do 34 about it.

A doctor friend, Mr. Lied, told me about a man who came to him with different kinds of signs: headaches, heart trouble and insomnia (失眠症). \_\_35\_\_ some careful exams, Mr. Lied found nothing wrong with him and said, "If you don't tell me what's \_\_36\_\_ you, I can't help you." The man admitted he was cheating his brother of his inheritance (遗产). Then the clever doctor \_\_37\_\_ the man write to his brother and \_\_38\_\_ his money. As soon as the letter was put into the post box, the man suddenly cried, "Thank you," he said to the doctor, "I think I have got well."

An apology can not only save a broken relationship, but also make it <u>39</u>. If you can think of someone who should be <u>40</u> an apology from you, do something about it right now.

31.	Α.	decide	В. 1	have	C.	need	D.	desire
32.	Α.	mistakes	В. 1	people	C.	ways	D.	times
33.	Α.	sorry	В. ч	weak	C.	sad	D.	right
34.	Α.	something	В. а	anything	C.	nothing	D.	everything
35.	Α.	Before	В. А	After	C.	Till	D.	Since
36.	Α.	hurting	В. 1	hanging	C.	touching	D.	worrying
37.	Α.	asked	B. t	told	C.	let	D.	saw
38.	Α.	give	В. 1	keep	C.	return	D.	send
39.	Α.	happier	В. ч	worse	C.	stronger	D.	healthier

#### 第二部分 篇章与词汇理解(共分三节,满分50分)

第一节 阅读理解:阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最恰当的答案。 (共 30 分,每小题 2 分)

#### A

From humans to sharks and birds, each one goes to sleep. But a new study shows that creatures even with no brain like jellyfish (水母) also need sleep. They will feel lazy if they do not get enough sleep at night.

The new finding says a kind of jellyfish called Cassiopea will get away from the night life. They would like to go to sleep when the sun goes down.

Cassiopea, known as the upside-down jellyfish, spend most of their time sitting upside down on the sea bed. So they get their name.

For the first time researchers have found that an animal without brain also goes to sleep at night. The jellyfish seem tired the next day if they have less or no sleep at night. But if they have a good night's sleep, they will be active the following day.

Cassiopea prefer sitting to swimming, so they usually make their way down to the sea floor. But they do so much faster during the day than at night. It seems when night comes they get sleepy and move slowly.

Researchers say that it may not be surprising that jellyfish sleep—after all, other animals like worms and fruit flies sleep too. But jellyfish are the most ancient animals known to sleep, since jellyfish are one of the earth's first and most ancient animals.

This amazing finding brings up another interesting question: Do plants sleep? ) 41. If jellyfish don't sleep well at night, they will feel \_\_\_\_\_ the next day. A. busy B. tired C. funny D. excited ) 42 Where do Cassiopea prefer to stay? A. On the stream floor. B. On the lake floor. C. On the river floor. D. On the sea floor. ) 43. When do Cassiopea move faster? A. In the evening. B. At night. C. At midnight. D. During the day. ) 44. The paragraph that follows this text will probably talk about the sleep of A. worms B. plants C. fruit flies D. jellyfish ) 45. What is the text mainly about? A. The sleep of the creatures with no brain. B. The movement of the creatures. C. The development of the ancient animals. D. The location of the jellyfish.

It was a week after Christmas. After breakfast, Mrs. Lawson started to sort all the gifts in her son's room. She suddenly noticed that almost all the gifts were made in China. "Ah, that's interesting!" thought Mrs. Lawson.

After lunch, she drove to a shopping centre to buy a pair of new shoes for her son and candles for her daughter's birthday cake. She was surprised to find that all the shoes there were from China and all the candles were also from China. "Well, that's surprising!" said Mrs. Lawson to herself.

In the afternoon she drove back home. As she sat on the sofa in the living room for a good rest, she looked around and was even more surprised. The label "made in China" is everywhere. It

is seen on the screen of the TV, in the pile of tennis shoes by the door, in the colourful lights on the Christmas tree, on the lovely dress of the doll...

At dinner time the doorbell rang. It was Mr. Lawson. "Honey, I just bought a new CD. The <u>band</u> has a very funny name! Look!" Mrs. Lawson was most surprised. On the cover of the CD she found "everything is made in China"!

- 46. What did Mrs. Lawson suddenly notice?
  - A. She found many gifts in her son's room.
  - B. She found some interesting things.
  - C. She noticed a pair of new shoes in her room.
  - D. She found that almost all her son's presents were made in China.
- 47. From the passage, we can know \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. Mrs. Lawson has three children
  - B. Mrs. Lawson has a son and a daughter
  - C. Mrs. Lawson's daughter was born on Christmas Day
  - D. Mrs. Lawson's children were born in China
- 48. What was NOT mentioned (提到) in this passage that was made in China?
  - A. The doorbell.

B. The screen of the TV.

C. Tennis shoes.

- D. Colourful lights on the Christmas tree.
- 49. What does the underlined word "band" mean in the fourth paragraph?
  - A. 捆绑

B. 级别

C. 橡皮筋

- D. 乐队
- 50. When did this story happen?
  - A. Around the New Year.
- B. Before Christmas Day.
- C. In the Spring Festival.
- D. On Christmas Day.

C

Two men, John and Tom, both seriously ill, shared a hospital room. John was allowed to sit up in his bed for an hour each afternoon. His bed was next to the room's only window. But Tom had to spend all his time flat on his back.

Every afternoon when John could sit up, he would describe to Tom all the things he could see outside the window. Tom was so attracted by the description that he could not wait for those one-hour periods. The window faced a park with a lovely lake. Ducks and birds played on the water while children sailed their model boats. Young lovers walked arm in arm and a fine view of the city could be seen in the distance. As John described all this in detail, Tom would close his eyes and imagine the beautiful scenes.

Days and weeks passed. One morning, the nurse found that John had passed away peacefully in his sleep. The next day, Tom asked if he could be moved to the bed next to the window. The nurse was happy to do this, and after making sure he was comfortable, she left him alone.

Slowly, painfully, Tom supported himself up with one arm to take his first look at the real world outside, but only faced a blank wall. When the nurse came back, Tom asked her what had made John describe such wonderful things outside this window. She said that John was blind and could not even see the wall. "Perhaps he just wanted to encourage you," she added.

- 51. We can learn from Paragraph 1 that \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. Tom was allowed to sit up
  - B. John and Tom were old friends
  - C. Tom could look out of the window
  - D. John and Tom were roommates in a hospital
- 52. Why did Tom expect that one-hour period every day?
  - A. Because he could listen to what John described.
  - B. Because he could change the bed with John.
  - C. Because he could see the park by himself.
  - D. Because he could have a rest then.
- 53. What happened to John according to Paragraph 3?
  - A. He fell asleep.

B. He went blind.

C. He was dead.

- D. He became weaker.
- 54. What did Tom ask the nurse to do?
  - A. To move him to another room.
  - B. To move him to the other bed.
  - C. To get him a new doctor.
  - D. To get him a new nurse.
- 55. How would Tom feel when he heard what the nurse said?
  - A. Moved.

B. Happy.

C. Calm.

D. Upset.

第二节 词义搭配:从(B)栏中选出(A)栏单词的正确解释。(共10分,每小题1分)

#### (A)

- 56. fragrant
- 57. undertake
- 58. cast
- 59. relay
- 60. squeeze
- oo. squeeze
- 61. intend
- 62. rural
- 63. charity
- 64. contribution
- 65. present

### (B)

- A. to pass sth. from one to another
- B. to throw something
- C. to make yourself responsible for sth. and start doing it
- D. to press hard on
- E. full of a pleasant smell
- F. to have a plan, result or purpose in your mind when you do sth.
- G. something that you give or do in order to help something be useful
- H. an organization for helping people in need
- I. a thing that you give to sb. as a gift
- J. in or of or suggesting the countryside

第三节 补全对话:根据对话内容,从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。(共10	第三节 改错:从 A、B、C、D 四个画线处找出一处错误的选项,并在横线上写出正确答案。(共
分,每小题 2 分)	10分,每小题2分)
A: It's Saturday. 66	81. How many worker are there in your factory?
B: Oh, I'm going to watch a soccer game. It's between China and Japan.	A B C D
A: Great! I really hope we can win this time. 67	
B: At 1 o'clock in the afternoon. I have two tickets. I can give you one68	82. Her English is gooder than mine.
A: I'd love to, but I can't. We are going to have a basketball match tomorrow afternoon.	A B C D
B: What a pity!69	
A: A team from No. 11 Middle School.	83. Both of us is good students.
B:70	A B C D
A: In our school.	O4. Manual and Control of the contro
B: Good luck to you and your team then.	84. More <u>than</u> five <u>thousands</u> people were <u>killed</u> in the city last <u>year</u> .  A B C D
A: Thank you. See you later.	A B C B
A W 11 11	85. There will have a class meeting tomorrow.
A. Would you like to go with me?	A B C D
B. Who are you going to play with?	
C. What are you going to do?	第四节 书面表达(共 10 分)
D. Where are you going to play?	作文题目:My Spare Time
E. What time is it going to begin?	词数要求:80—100 词
第三部分 语言技能应用(共分四节,满分30分)	写作要点:1. 说说你放学后的兴趣爱好;
第一节 单词拼写:根据下列句子及所给汉语注释,在横线上写出该单词。(共5分,每小题	2. 谈谈你在周末通常有什么活动;
1分)	3. 简单叙述你在睡前的放松方式。
71. Here's a booklet with a brief (介绍) to the Great Wall.	
72. Thousands of (游客) come to visit the Great Wall.	
73. We are now studying under very good (条件).	
74. The credit card is (可用的) in this shop.	
75. I think the TV set in this shop is (昂贵的).	
第二节 词形变换:用括号内单词的适当形式填空,将正确答案写在横线上。(共5分,每小题	
1分)	
76. Many students have (difficult) learning English.	
77. Spending too much time playing computer games is (harm) to you.	
78. The picture on the T-shirt is a (love) panda.	
79. The fish is two feet in (long).	

80. He is \_\_\_\_\_ (interest) in maths.

## 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(二)

## 第

第一部分 英语	知识运用(共分三	E节,满分 40 分)			
第一节 语	音知识:从A、B、C	、D四个选项中找出	其画线部分与所	给单词画线部分读音相同	ij
选项。(共5分,4	每小题1分)				
1. <u>a</u> dvice	A. w <u>a</u> ste	B. <u>a</u> sleep	C. s <u>a</u> me	D. nature	
2. <u>y</u> esterday	A. cit <u>y</u>	B. usuall <u>y</u>	C. centur <u>y</u>	D. <u>y</u> ellow	
3. <u>g</u> lue	A. large	B. goat	C. germ	D. orange	
4. c <u>oo</u> k	A. n <u>oo</u> n	B. g <u>oo</u> d	C. t <u>oo</u>	D. f <u>oo</u> d	
5. includ <u>ed</u>	A. publish <u>ed</u>	B. work <u>ed</u>	C. finish <u>ed</u>	D. talent <u>ed</u>	
第二节 词	汇与语法知识:从	、A、B、C、D 四个选	项中选出可以填	真人空白处的最佳选项。	(
25 分,每小题 1 分	<del>}</del> )				
6. Mike is	honest boy.	He often plays	basketball		
A. a;/	B. an; the	C. an;	/	D. the; the	
7. Kunming is fa	amous i	ts beautiful scenery			
A. for	B. of	C. as	]	D. to	
8. His car	five years ago	o, but it looks quit	e new.		
A. buys		B. bou	ght		
C. is bought		D. was	bought		
9. —	Could you tell me	where the railway	station is?		
—Go along th	nis street and turn	ı left.			
A. Wait a mo	ment	B. You	are very nice		
C. Excuse me		D. Nic	e to see you		
10. We have to f	finish the work no	ow,?			
A. have we	B. haven't	we C. don	't we	D. do we	
11. He eats	food, so he	is fat.			
A. much too	;too much	B. too	many; much too		
C. too much	;much too	D. too	much; too much		
12. —Tu Youyo	u has won the No	bel Prize.			
— <u> </u>	great she is! We	Chinese are so prou	d of her.		
A. What a	B. What	C. Ho	w a	D. How	
13. During summ	ner, lots of peopl	e swim in the pool	so it is very	·	
A. clean		B. sim	ilar		
C. beautiful		D. cro	wded		

14.	—Would you mind not noise?	Alic	e is sleeping.		
	—Sorry, I didn't know. I she	was	awake.		
	A. make; think	В.	making; thought		
	C. making; think	D.	make; thought		
15.	This kind of silk soft and		_ well.		
	A. is felt; sell	В.	feels; sells		
	C. feels; is sold	D.	is felt; sold		
16.	—I'm going to travel to London. Would	you	ı please tell me abou	ut your experience ther	e'
	Let's discuss it over lunch.				
	A. Go ahead	В.	It just depends		
	C. That's wonderful	D.	By all means		
17.	The heavy rain stopped the children		_ to the park.		
	A. to go B. gone	C.	from going	D. go	
18.	So far, we about one thousand	l En	glish words.		
	A. learned	В.	have learned		
	C. learn	D.	are learning		
19.	—Smoking brings me a lot of ideas.				
	—Stop that! After all, is more	e im	portant than health.		
	A. nothing	В.	something		
	C. anything	D.	everything		
20.	—Where are you going to spend your su	mm	er holiday, Jenny?		
	—I haven't made a yet. I'm go	oing	to talk about it wit	h my family tomorrow.	
	A. journey	В.	promise		
	C. decision	D.	suggestion		
21.	It's necessary for us to our par	ents	s when we have pro	blems.	
	A. to talk B. talking	C.	talk	D. talked	
22.	There a lot of people in the mu	useu	m yesterday.		
	A. is B. are	C.	was	D. were	
23.	I got up late this morning, and that's		I was late for so	chool.	
	A. because B. why	C.	so	D. that	
24.	My brother doesn't like playing compute	er ga	mes. I don't like it	,	
	A. either B. too	C.	neither	D. also	
25.	The pizza by my mother. Wou	ıld y	ou like to have som	ne?	
	A. makes	В.	was making		
	C. made	D.	was made		
26.	I love places the people are rea	ılly	friendly.		
	A. that B. what	C.	where	D. which	

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27. Not only	her how to do it	, but offered to help he	er as well.	第二部分 篇章与词汇理解(共分三节	,满分 50 分)					
A. did he sho	W	B. he show		第一节 阅读理解:阅读下列短文,	从每题所给的 A、B、C、I	)四个选项中选出最恰当的答案。				
C. did he sho	wed	D. does he show		(共30分,每小题2分)						
28. You have made	le a few pronunciatio	n mistakes in your ora	l exam, but, it is fairly		${f A}$					
good.				Becky was visiting Aunt Agatha at	t her house at the beach.	It was a beautiful summer day.				
A. above all		B. generally spea	king	Becky had built a giant sand castle that	morning. Aunt Agatha	took pictures of the castle to send				
C. on the who	ole	D. on the one ha	nd	to Becky's parents. It was a great big	sand castle. Later that	morning Becky and Aunt Agatha				
29. If my lawyer	here last Sat	turday, he would have j	prevented me from going.	went swimming in the ocean. It was fur	n to jump with the waves.	Then they went in the house and				
A. had been	B. was	C. has been	D. will be	ate sandwiches and strawberries for lun	ich.					
30. John fell aslee	p he was lis	stening to the music.		Becky wanted to play on the beach	that afternoon. Aunt A	gatha told her it was too hot to go				
A. after	B. before	C. while	D. as soon as	outside without a hat on. Becky didn't	have a hat. Aunt Agatha	a told her not to worry, she could				
第三节 完形	填空:阅读下面的短文	て,从所给的 A、B、C、D	四个选项中选出最佳的答案。(共	wear one of hers. Becky tried on four h	nats. The pink one was r	eally pretty. But it has a big bow				
10分,每小题1分	)			(蝴蝶结)in the back that was too lon	g for Becky. The green	hat was too fancy (花哨的) for				
My parents ha	ave always loved every	rthing about India, so a	year ago we went on holiday there.	Becky. She did not like that hat at all.	The blue hat was nice, b	ut it had an ugly bird on it. Then,				
It's a wonderful _	31 with beautiful	scenes and interesting	people. However, I didn't enjoy	Becky saw a big brown hat with a yel	low ribbon on it. That	hat was made of straw. It was a				
Indian 32 very				perfect hat for the beach. It was too bi	ne didn't care. It was a great hat.					
On the second	l day we planned to se	ee an old palace. At th	e <u>33</u> they said, "If you go by	41. According to the passage, where was Becky?						
train, it will take	you only two hours	to get there." Howeve	er, the hot <u>34</u> took over four	A. At her home.	B. At the beach.					
			rice and vegetables with bread in a	C. In a restaurant.	D. In a castle.					
small restaurant.	We were <u>36</u> to fi	and it was quite nice. I	wasn't full up though and I saw a	42. Who would receive the castle picture	res?					
man nearby eating	some little meatballs.			A. Becky.	B. Aunt Agatha.					
I said to my d	lad, "I've been eating	rice all week. Can I ha	ve some meatballs please?"	C. Becky's parents.	D. Becky's grand	parents.				
Well, they lo	oked delicious so I ate	e the first one very <u>3</u>	7 I was just putting the second	43. Why did Aunt Agatha want Becky to wear a hat?						
one in my mouth v	when I felt myself <u>38</u>	my mouth was on	fire! I started to cough (咳嗽) and	A. It was very hot.	B. Becky looked g	good wearing a hat.				
there were tears in	n my eyes. I couldn't	tell <u>39</u> spicy (辛辣	的) it was!	C. It might rain. D. They would take pictures.						
I drank about	ten glasses of water b	out the worst thing was	everyone was laughing 40 me.	me. 44. What's the right order of Becky's activities?						
You couldn't make	e me eat another India	n meatball for all the d	iet in the world!	① She jumped with the wave.						
31. A. town	B. city	C. country	D. restaurant	② She chose a hat for the beach.						
32. A. food	B. scenes	C. people	D. costumes	③ She built a very big sand castle.						
33. A. palace	B. hotel	C. airport	D. entrance	④ She ate sandwiches and strawbe	rries.					
34. A. sail	B. walk	C. drive	D. ride	A. 3421 B. 3142	C. 2314	D. ①432				
35. A. hungry	B. curious	C. cheerful	D. nervous	45. Becky finally chose the brown hat l	because					
36. A. shocked	B. surprised	C. bored	D. tired	A. it was fancy	B. it had a bird or	n it				
37. A. quietly	B. easily	C. quickly	D. gently	C. it had a big bow	D. it was perfect	for the scene				
38. A. burning	B. watering	C. crying	D. smiling		В					
39. A. how	B. what	C. when	D. where	A study suggests that dirty air can	reduce lung development	. Researchers at the University of				
40. A. at	B. to	C. on	D. for	Southern California in Los Angeles pub	lished their work in a mag	gazine. About 1,700 children from				

different communities in Southern California took part in the study. The scientists tested the children every year for eight years, starting at age ten. They say this is the longest study ever done on air pollution and the health of children.

The scientists found that children who lived in areas with the dirtiest air were five times more likely to grow up with weak lungs. Many were using less than eighty percent of normal lung strength to breathe.

The damage from dirty air was as bad as that found in children with parents who smoke. Children with reduced lung power may suffer more severe (严重的) effects from a common cold, for example.

But the researchers express greater concerns about long-term effects. They say adults normally begin to lose one percent of their lung power each year after age twenty. The doctors note that weak lung activity is the second leading cause of early deaths among adults. The first is smoking.

46.	Who	found	out	the	dirty	air	could	reduce	lung	devel	opment	according	to	this	passage	?
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A. American scientists.

B. English researchers.

C. Canadian scientists.

- D. Australian researchers.
- 47. The study indicates that
  - A. 1,700 children from Southern California have weak lung activities
  - B. children in Southern California use less lung strength to breathe
  - C. air pollution may affect the growth of children's lungs
  - D. 80 percent of children in Southern California suffer from air pollution
- 48. According to the article, children living in dirty air \_
  - A. may lose eighty percent of their normal lung strength
  - B. may suffer more severe effects from a common cold
  - C. were five times more likely to catch a common cold
  - D. were unlikely to recover from any lung damage
- 49. Why do the researchers express greater concern about the long-term effects of air pollution on children?
  - A. They begin to lose 1% of their lung power each year after 20.
  - B. They do not show any signs of lung damage when they are young.
  - C. They may suffer early death when they grow up.
  - D. They cannot expect to have their lungs fully developed at 18.
- 50. What's the first cause of early deaths among adults according to this passage?
  - A. The dirty air.

B. The dirty water.

C. Smoking.

D. A bad mood.

There was a man who had four sons. He hoped that his sons could learn not to judge things

too quickly. So one day he gave his four sons a task, asking each of them to go to see a pear tree at a distance in different seasons.

The first son set out in winter, the second in spring, the third in summer, and the youngest in autumn.

When all of them returned home, the man called them together to describe what they had seen.

The first son said the tree was ugly, bent, without leaves and therefore hopeless.

The second son said it was not like that, but the tree was covered with green buds (芽) and full of hope.

The third son disagreed, saying that it was full of flowers which smelled so sweet and looked so beautiful, and that he had never seen such beautiful scenery.

The last son disagreed with all of them, saying that the tree was filled with fruits, full of life and happiness.

The man told his four sons that all of them were correct, because they only saw the tree in one season. He told them that they could not judge a tree or a person only by one season, and that only when all the seasons were over could they know a tree or a person fully.

We can learn more from this story. If we just give up in winter, we will miss the hope of spring, the beauty of summer and the harvest of autumn in our life.

- 51. The man wanted his sons not to
  - A. have a harvest too soon
  - B. accept a task too quickly
  - C. make a conclusion too soon
  - D. give a description too quickly
- 52. According to the second son, the tree was . .
  - A. lifeless

B. hopeful

C. fruitless

- D. beautiful
- 53. In the eyes of the third son, the pear tree was a beautiful view
  - A. in spring

B. in winter

C. in autumn

- D. in summer
- 54. When the youngest son saw the tree, it was a season of

A. harvest

B. promise

C. coldness

- D. sweetness
- 55. What can we learn from the last paragraph?
  - A. We can enjoy sweet fruits in autumn.
  - B. We can enjoy a beautiful view in summer.
  - C. We should not lose hope when we are in difficulty.
  - D. We should not lose hope when we are feeling cold.

第二节 词义扫 (A)	答配:从(B)栏中选出(A)栏单词的正确解释。(共10分,每小题 1分) (B)
56. remote	A. a person who writes novels
57. interpret	B. a statement that sth. is true although it has not been proved and other
58. belief	people may not agree with or believe it
59. ideal	C. (of an action, event, etc.) seeming natural, reasonable or sensible
60. logical	D. an opinion about sth. or sth. that you think is true
61. complex	E. far away from places where other people live
62. claim	F. an aspect, or way of looking at or thinking about sth.
63. dimension	G. explain the meaning of sth.
64. novelist	H. an idea or standard that seems perfect, and worth trying to achieve or obtain
65. detect	I. difficult to understand; made of many different things or parts that
	are connected
	J. discover or notice sth. that is not easy to see, hear, etc.
第三节 补全》	一 付话:根据对话内容,从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。(共
0分,每小题 2分)	
Excuse me, Ma	dam66
: Yes, and you a	re Li Lin?
: Yes, I am. <u>6</u>	7
. Thank you for r	meeting me.
.: <u>68</u> By the v	way, is this your first visit to Nanchang?
: No. It's my sec	ond time. I came here 15 years ago.
·:69	
: It's very beautif	ful and people here are nice and friendly. I like it a lot.
.: And no	w Nanchang is better and better.
: Wow, I can't w	rait to see it.
A. What do you	think of the city?
•	the to look around now?
C. Welcome to N	
D. My pleasure.	michang, Dacy.
E. Are you Lucy	from America?
E. The you Eucy	Iron America:
	能应用(共分四节,满分30分)
第一节 单词排	拼写:根据下列句子及所给汉语注释,在横线上写出该单词。(共5分,每小题
分)	
1. He wants to be	e a (志愿者) in the future.

73. In my (观点), this cellphone is too expensive.
74. You can find a wide (种类) of handicraft (手工) articles in China.
75. He asked my age,(身高), and weight and looked me over.
第二节 词形变换:用括号内单词的适当形式填空,将正确答案写在横线上。(共5分,每小题
1分)
76. He established his character by his (honest).
77. Can you distinguish the different (music) instruments playing now.
78. My grandma looks much (health) this year.
79 (general) speaking, the more expensive the camera, the better its quality is.
80. When (compare) different cultures, we often pay attention only to the differences
without noticing many similarities.
第三节 改错:从 A、B、C、D 四个画线处找出一处错误的选项,并在横线上写出正确答案。(共
10 分,每小题 2 分)
81. <u>It</u> is <u>important</u> of us to learn English.
A B C D
82. He <u>decided</u> to have <u>his</u> bike <u>repair</u> .
A B C D
83. The <u>building</u> <u>has built</u> <u>by</u> the <u>workers</u> .
A B C D
84. <u>His</u> sister is always <u>made</u> <u>cry</u> by <u>him</u> .
A B C D
85. It took our two hours to think it over.
A B C D
第四节 书面表达(共10分)
作文题目:Less Pressure, Better life
词数要求:80—100 词
写作要点:1. 说说同学们普遍存在的压力;
2. 谈谈你自己有什么压力以及你是怎样缓解压力的。

72. It suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ (想到;出现) to him that there was an easier way to deal with the problem.