## 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(一)

### 一、选择题(本大题共10小题,每小题2分,共20分)

从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个可以填入题中空白处的最佳选项。未选、错选或多选 均不得分。

- 1 -

(	) 1.	— What are you going to be	when you grow up?
		— I am going to be	doctor.
		А. а	B. an
		C. the	D. /
(	) 2.	— Is this dictionary	y?
		— Yes, it's mine.	
		A. my	B. your
		C. his	D. her
(	) 3.	Yesterday evening we had a l	ovely party at
		A. Peter and Helen's	B. Peter and Helens
		C. Peter and Helen	D. Peter's and Helen's
(	) 4.	— Mum, must I come back I	pefore five o'clock?
		— No, you Just g	get home before dinner.
		A. mustn't	B. needn't
		C. shouldn't	D. couldn't
(	) 5.	John a volleyball ga	ame on TV now.
		A. watches	B. watched
		C. will watch	D. is watching
(	) 6.	— What languages	in that country?

	— German and English.	
	A. are speaking	B. are spoken
	C. speak	D. is spoken
(	) 7. — What are you doing?	
	— I am reading a book by N	Mo Yan you lent me last week.
	A. whether	B. what
	C. who	D. which
(	) 8. I didn't buy it I di	dn't like the colour.
	A. until	B. so
	C. if	D. because
(	) 9. Can you say jiaozi	English?
	A. with	B. in
	C. by	D. on
(	) 10. Shu-How Lin is now one o	f basketball players in the NBA.
	A. popular	B. less popular
	C. more popular	D. the most popular

#### 二、阅读理解(本大题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下列短文,短文后面有五个小题,请从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出最佳答案。未选、错选或多选均不得分。

I worked as a music teacher for twenty-five years. I have always known that music touches the soul.

I would like to share how music broke through a physical problem and made a connection with a young student. For a few years I have been happy to teach pre-school disabled students one afternoon a week. One of my students was a young girl called Cindy. Cindy was six years old, and she had difficulty walking, and could not speak. We almost sat on the floor for our music lessons and Cindy liked to sit on my knee. One of her favorite songs was "John the Rabbit". I sang the song and the students clapped, "Oh, yes!" Cindy liked to put her hands

together with mine and clap with me. We probably performed. She never said or sang a word.

One day, Cindy turned around, looked at me <u>dead</u> in the eye, clapped her tiny hands twice and said the words "Oh, yes!" I opened my mouth in surprise for a moment. Cindy could speak!

Several years later, I passed by Cindy on the street in town. I stopped my car and waved to say hello. She waved back with a big smile and then clapped her hands twice. She was mimicking (模仿) the song. I think every child has the ability to learn and grow. We should find each child's light.

八天儿	/) / (110	song. I think every child i	ias the ability to learn and grow. We should find t	
child	l's ligh	t.		
(	11. How long did the writer work as a music teacher?		rk as a music teacher?	
		A. 25 years.	B. 20 years.	
		C. 5 years.	D. 35 years.	
(	) 12.	What's wrong with Cindy?		
		A. She couldn't walk and speak.		
		B. She could walk but can't	speak.	
		C. She couldn't walk but co	ould speak.	
		D. She had difficulty walking	ng and could not speak.	
(	) 13.	The underlined word "dead"	'in Paragraph 3 means	
		A. happily	B. directly	
		C. shyly	D. slightly	
(	) 14.	The writer couldn't speak w	hen hearing Cindy's voice because	
		A. he couldn't believe the fa	act that Cindy could speak	
		B. there was something wro	ong with his throat	
		C. he thought Cindy was ch	neating	
		D. Cindy's voice was so bea	utiful	
(	) 15.	What would be the best title	e for the passage?	
		A. The Importance of Musi	С	
		B. Music Touches the Soul		
		C. A Magic Song		
		D. A Disabled Girl		

- 3 -

- 4 -

# 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(二)

### 一、选择题(本大题共10小题,每小题2分,共20分)

	从毎/	小题所给的四个选项中,选出一/	卜可以填入题中空白处的最佳选项。未选、错选	或多选
均刁	下得分。			
(	) 1.	The gate is the left o	f the library.	
		A. in	B. on	
		C. at	D. to	
(	) 2.	Most parents think that it is th	e happiest thing to spend time with ch	nildren.
		A. his	B. our	
		C. your	D. their	
(	) 3.	Germany is a European country	y and Korea is Asian country.	
		A. the	В. а	
		C. an	D. /	
(	) 4.	His office is on the top of the	tall building. You should take a lift to the _	
		floor.		
		A. first	B. thirtieth	
		C. thirty	D. thirteen	
(	) 5.	Do you know when the telepho	ne?	
		A. is discovered	B. was discovered	
		C. is invented	D. was invented	
(	) 6.	We sometimes out fo	r a picnic on weekends.	
		A. went	B. were going	
		C. go	D. will go	

(	) 7. The you climb, the more you can see.	
	A. high	B. higher
	C. highest	D. higher than
(	) 8. Even Tony's granddaughter, a five	e-year-old girl, asked him smoking.
	A. give up	B. gave up
	C. to give up	D. giving up
(	) 9. The tree, leaves were gr	een and brown, was blown down in the typhoon.
	A. its	B. of which
	C. whose	D. which
(	) 10. — I found a school uniform on th	ne playground.
	— It belong to John. L	ook! His name card is here.
	A. could	B. need
	C. must	D. would

## 二、阅读理解(本大题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下列短文,短文后面有五个小题,请从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出最佳答案。未选、错选或多选均不得分。

We chat is popular among us, but if someone deletes you or blocks(屏蔽) you on it, does it mean you've made him or her angry?

It depends.

Maybe you have just left messages too often without much valuable information. For example, the questions are those like 'how are u?' 'what are u doing?' 'do u love me?' too often. You know, people may feel bored after answering such kinds of questions time after time.

Another possible reason may be that you've sent something unpleasant to your friend or in your friend circle. I just blocked one of my middle school classmates yesterday because she was trying to sell <u>fake</u> goods in the friend circle, and I hate it quite much.

Some people delete the one's name from friends' list because they no longer want to see  $\underline{i}\underline{t}$  (maybe ex-boyfriend or ex-girlfriend) and they don't want the one to see their "Moments" ( $\overline{z}\overline{y}$ )

态) on WeChat (maybe they publish very private pictures or life or thoughts they don't want to share with him or her).

So why you are blocked may depend on his or her mood or preference(喜好), and the reasons a person gets blocked are various from person to person. So I suggest you to write an email or make a phone call to that person if he or she really means a lot to you to see why he or she is dissatisfied with you, and to find out how you can make up for the case.

			1	
(	) 11.	From Paragraph 3, we can know that ye	ou are blocked because	
		A. you are asking too many boring ques	stions	
		B. your friend is angry		
		C. your friend doesn't like answering qu	uestions	
		D. your friend has no time to reply		
(	) 12.	12. The underlined word "fake" in Paragraph 4 probably means		
		A. 令人喜爱的	B. 真实的	
		C. 完美的	D. 假冒的	
( ) 13		In Paragraph 5, the underlined word "it	" refers to	
		A. the goods	B. the name	
		C. the private life	D. the friend circle	
(	) 14.	causes of being deleted or blocked are mentioned in the passage.		
		A. 4	B. 2	
		C. 3	D. 5	
(	) 15.	Which is the best title for the passage?		
		A. Friend Circle		
		B. Why Are You Blocked?		
		C. A Popular Way of Communication		
		D. How to Make Your Friend Satisfied		

- 7 -

- 8 -

# 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(三)

#### 一、选择题(本大题共10小题,每小题2分,共20分)

从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个可以填入题中空白处的最佳选项。未选、错选或多选 均不得分。 ( ) 1. This tree has green \_\_\_\_\_ throughout the year. B. leafs A. leaf C. leave D. leaves ) 2. — Excuse me, is this Alice's pencil box? — Yes, it is. It's \_\_\_\_\_. A. mine B. ours C. hers D. theirs the way they bring up their children. ) 3. The Smiths are praised A. from B. by C. at D. for ) 4. — Why didn't he stop to have a rest? — \_\_\_\_\_ he had to complete his work on time. A. Because B. If C. As D. Since ) 5. — It's cold today. I can't stand it. I hope tomorrow won't be so . — I can't, either. But the radio says it will be even B. cold; colder A. cold; cold C. colder; colder D. colder; coldest ) 6. Dora was always speaking highly of her role in the play, \_\_\_\_\_ made the others

	unnappy.	
	A. who	B. which
	C. this	D. what
(	) 7. — Lily, how about birt	hday party yesterday?
	— It was success.	
	А. а; а	B. the; a
	C. a; \	D. the; the
(	) 8. In about ten years' time, more an	nd more electric cars running on the road.
	A. have been seen	B. will be seen
	C. would see	D. are seeing
(	) 9. Nowadays, some robots are huma	an-like. They walk, dance and chat with
	people.	
	A. can	B. may
	C. must	D. should
(	) 10. All of us very happy if	you can come with us tomorrow.
	A. have been	B. are
	C. will be	D. were

#### 二、阅读理解(本大题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下列短文,短文后面有五个小题,请从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出最佳答案。未选、错选或多选均不得分。

I used to be the worst student at the beginning of my junior high school. Nearly all my teachers and my family were very disappointed with me. That year, I had to repeat Grade Seven.

At that time, a new English teacher, Miss Sadia, came to our school. One day, she noticed I was staying alone during the lunch break. She came to talk with me. After that day, Miss Sadia kept an attention eye on me. It made me feel special and moved. I started to work so hard and my grade started to improve in her subject.

Months later, she moved into a house near my home. We would chat and walk home

together after school. I worked harder and harder. I knew she would like to see my progress in all the subjects. I finally won the second position in my class.

Then after Grade Seven, she gradually started to <u>drift apart</u> and paid less attention to me. When I was in Grade Eight, we hardly spoke, but at that time, I had become the best in my class.

Then I graduated after Grade Nine and I was completely out of the line of her phone. One fine day, I happened to meet her at a wedding party. I could not help asking her, "Why did you stop talking to me?"

"Clever boy, I wanted you to be a tree standing on your own roots(根). Now I'm really proud of you. You are strong enough and no need to look for any shoulders." she said.

At that moment, I knew I would never forget her.

	At tha	t moment, I knew I would never forget i	ner.
(	) 11.	The writer spent years in Grad	de Seven according to the passage.
		A. four	B. three
		C. two	D. one
(	) 12.	In Grade Eight, the writer	
		A. was the worst student	
		B. made progress in English	
		C. won the second position	
		D. was the top student in his class	
( ) 13.		The underlined words "drift apart" in Pa	aragraph 4 probably means "" in the
		passage.	
		A. 疏远	B. 隔绝
		C. 联络	D. 亲近
(	) 14.	From Paragraph 2 and 3, we know that	the writer made progress because
		A. his parents helped him a lot	
		B. his teacher cared about him a lot	
		C. he dreamed to be in a good university	y
		D. Sadia paid less attention to him	

- ( ) 15. Choose the TRUE sentence about the writer according to the passage.
  - A. He often chatted with Sadia in Grade Eight.
  - B. He thought Sadia was unfair to him in Grade Nine.
  - C. He was a good student at the beginning of Grade Seven.
  - D. He became so strong that he needn't depend on others at last.

# 英语考前冲刺模拟卷(四)

### 一、选择题(本大题共10小题,每小题2分,共20分)

	从每/	小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个可以填入	题中空白处的最佳选项。未选、错选或多选
均不	下得分。		
(	) 1.	There is underground parking	ot over there.
		А. а	B. an
		C. the	D. /
(	) 2.	My parents often go to the movies	Saturday evenings.
		A. in	B. at
		C. on	D. by
(	) 3.	Peter and Mike like music. They are tall	sing about favourite singers.
		A. his	B. her
		C. its	D. their
(	) 4.	Peter TV when I called him last	st night.
		A. watches	B. is watching
		C. will watch	D. was watching
(	) 5.	— Would you mind my using your mobil	e phone to send a message to my mum?
		<u>.</u> .	
		A. I think so	B. Of course not
		C. Please try again	D. Maybe you are right
(	) 6.	I go now, or I'll miss my footl	pall class.
		A. can	B. might
		C. must	D. could

(	) 7. She is very happy she ha	is got many good friends.
	A. or	B. because
	C. but	D. though
(	) 8. My bedroom isn't Li Mi	ng's.
	A. so large as	B. small than
	C. as larger as	D. the largest
(	) 9. — Do you know tomorro	ow?
	— In the chemistry lab.	
	A. where we will have our chemis	stry class
	B. where will we have our chemis	try class
	C. where did we have our chemist	ry class
	D. where we had our chemistry cl	ass
(	) 10. People to send up firew	orks around the centre of the city during the Spring
	Festival.	
	A. don't allow	B. won't be allowing
	C. are not allowed	D. haven't allowed

### 二、阅读理解(本大题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下列短文,短文后面有五个小题,请从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出最佳答案。未选、错选或多选均不得分。

When you think of the Arctic(北极), you imagine an icy land of pure white snow. Others imagine it as the last really clean place left on earth. We have polluted the deepest oceans with plastic rubbish. "And now", CNN says, "It's the Arctic's turn."

German scientists have recently found microplastics in Arctic snow. Microplastics are pieces of plastic smaller than 5 millimeters. Sadly, the scientists found 1,800 pieces of microplastics per liter of (每升) snow.

How is plastic pollution reaching the Arctic? According to scientists, "It's clear that most of the microplastics in the snow come from the air." They fall off the plastic objects and are moved by the wind, just like dust. They mix with ice in the air and fall to the ground as snow. Finding these plastics in Arctic snow means that we may breathe them in.

Are they bad for us? Scientists cannot answer this question for now, according to the WHO. We do know that our bodies cannot take in "large" pieces of microplastics. However, if the plastics are small enough, they can find ways into our bodies and stay there for a long time, which can be bad for our health. What's more, earlier studies have shown that microplastics may contribute to lung cancer risk.

Microplastics have also been found in rivers and oceans around the world. Earlier research has found that they flow over long distances and into our oceans, hurting ecosystems along the way. They start in our wastewater, then flow into rivers and out to the sea, where they are eaten by sea animals. If people then eat these animals, it means that we're eating the plastic as well.

- ( ) 11. We can learn from Paragraph 1 that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. the Arctic is the last really clean place left on earth
  - B. the Arctic is an icy land of pure white snow
  - C. the Arctic is a beautiful icy land with clean air
  - D. the Arctic has been polluted by plastic rubbish
- ( ) 12. The underlined word "contribute" in Paragraph 4 means " " in Chinese.
  - A. 增加

B. 捐献

C. 造成

- D. 是······原因之一
- ( ) 13. Where do most of the microplastics in the snow come from?
  - A. From water.

B. From air.

C. From wind.

- D. From food.
- ( ) 14. Which of the following isn't true?
  - A. We may breathe microplastics in Arctic.
  - B. Microplastics may cause lung cancer.
  - C. We don't have to mind microplastics right now.
  - D. Microplastics have hurt ecosystems.
- ) 15. How does the writer end this passage?

- A. By advising us to drink clean water.
- B. By asking people not to eat sea animals.
- C. By telling the seriousness of plastic pollution.
- D. By showing the beauty of Arctic.

- 15 -